

## Statistical Methods of Data Analysis

### Problem Set #6

**Due Date:** Thursday, January 6, 2010, during the lecture

**Problem 1:** (5 points)

In a particle decay one of the decay products is emitted under an angle  $\theta$  with respect to the  $z$  axis in some coordinate system. The decay angle distribution is predicted to follow the PDF

$$f(\cos \theta; \lambda) = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \lambda \cos \theta)$$

A measurement has resulted in the following values of  $\cos \theta$ :

-0.612	-0.235	0.919	-0.735	0.328
0.928	0.975	-0.827	0.104	0.442
0.203	0.267	0.462	0.025	0.243
-0.822	0.363	-0.126	-0.481	-0.994

Estimate the parameter  $\lambda$  and its uncertainty using the maximum likelihood method.

Tip: Carry out the minimization required for the solution numerically. Use e.g. the ROOT class TF1, which contains the method TF1::GetMinimumX() for finding local minima.

**Problem 2:** (10 points)

Consider the exponential PDF  $f(x; \lambda) = \lambda \exp[-\lambda x]$ .

- Derive the maximum likelihood (ML) estimator  $\hat{\lambda}$  of the parameter  $\lambda$ . What is the bias of  $\hat{\lambda}$ ?
- Substitute  $\lambda = 1/\tau$  in the exponential PDF. Compare value and bias of the ML estimator  $\hat{\tau}$  with  $\hat{\lambda}$ .

**Problem 3:** (10 points)

The binomial random variable  $y$  can take on the value 1 with probability  $P$  and 0 with probability  $1 - P$ .

- Prove that the mean and the variance of  $y$  are equal to  $P$  and  $P(1-P)$  respectively.
- Find the maximum likelihood estimator  $\hat{P}$  for a random sample of binomial random variables  $\vec{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_n)$ .
- Find the variance of this estimator.

**Problem 4:** (5 points)

Generate and plot random numbers using ROOT:

- Uniformly distributed on a circle.
- Uniformly distributed on the surface of a ball (Tip: use the TGraph2D class to plot these numbers).

Note: write some comments into your ROOT macro and hand it in with the solutions.