Status of EP single-cell cavities (L.Lilje on behalf of D. Reschke)

History + motivation:

- statistics of single-cell cavities at KEK + CERN Saclay -DESY collaboration shows superiority of electrolytic surface removal ("electropolishing => EP") compared to chemical etching ("buffered chemical polishing => BCP")
- obvious advantage of EP: smoother surface compared to BCP
- application to TTF nine-cell cavities requires EP system at DESY
 => under operation since March 03
 (up to now nine-cell EP at Nomura plating, Japan)
- cooperation with Henkel Elektropoliertechnik (100 km east of Hamburg) for single-cell treatments and future tests of alternative EP mixtures
 => first cavity polished in March 03 no experience with SRF cavities; established processes for semi-cond. + medical industry



Status of EP single-cell cavities II

Cavity preparation:

- i) degreasing (US-cleaning + pure water rinsing)
- ii) electropolishing (electrolyt 1 x HF : 9 x H₂SO₄ ; horizontal set-up)
- iii) rinse with diluted HNO₃ (only at Henkel)
- iv) rinse with (hot) ultrapure water
- v) transportation into DESY cleanroom
- vi) assembly of top flange
- vii) high pressure water rinse (> 2x)

viii) assembly of antenna with vacuum connection, pumping + leak check

ix) first vertical test (optional: T-mapping)

x) low temperature heat treatment between 100 C - 140 C ("bake")

xi) second vertical test (optional: T-mapping)



EP @ DESY

- successful polishing of 4 cavities with different EP parameters (e.g. temperature of electrolyt)
- examples

 i) 1B8 of the CERN - Saclay - DESY collaboration; welded at CERN (best result: E_{acc} = 41MV/m after EP@CERN + bake)

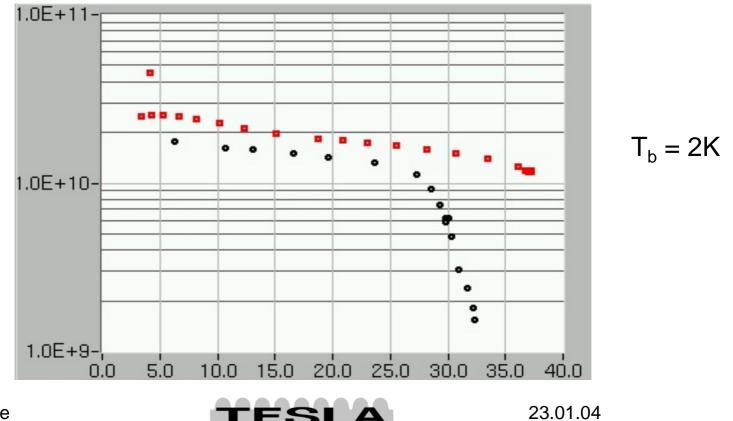
ii) 1S2 of the CERN - Saclay - DESY collaboration; welded at ACCEL (best result $E_{acc} = 36MV/m$ after EP@CERN + bake)

removal app. 30 µm for both cavities



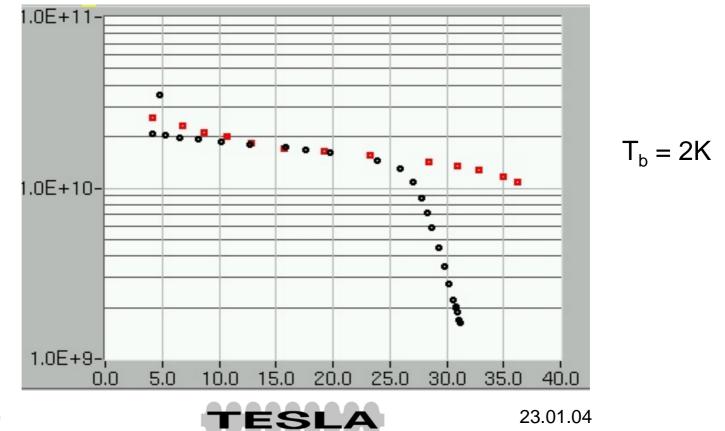
1B8: First successful EP at DESY

- 1. test: $E_{acc} = 32 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,6.10^9$; no FE; limited by power
- bake at 135C
- 2. test: $E_{acc} = 38 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,2 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ limited by breakdown; no fieldemission}$



1S2: EP @DESY

- 1. test: $E_{acc} = 31,2 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,6 \cdot 10^9$; no FE; limited by power
- bake at 135C
- 2. test: $E_{acc} = 36,3 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,1 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ limited by breakdown;}$ no fieldemission



EP @ Henkel Elektropoliturtechnik

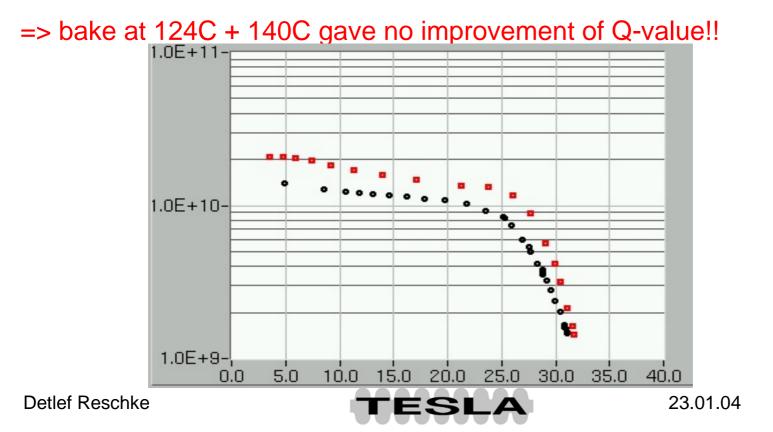
- successful polishing of 6 single-cell cavities (1B1, 1B10, 1B11, 1B12, 1P6 + 1S1)
- removal between 40 µm and 100 µm
- all cavities show high Q-value; typical low FE-loading; sometimes multipacting but: up to now no gradients above 31 MV/m !!?
- \Rightarrow discussion of preparation details with B. Henkel next week
- hydroformed two-cell cavity 2H2 became leak during EP
- preparation of spun three-cell cavity delayed (EP foreseen end of January, test in February)



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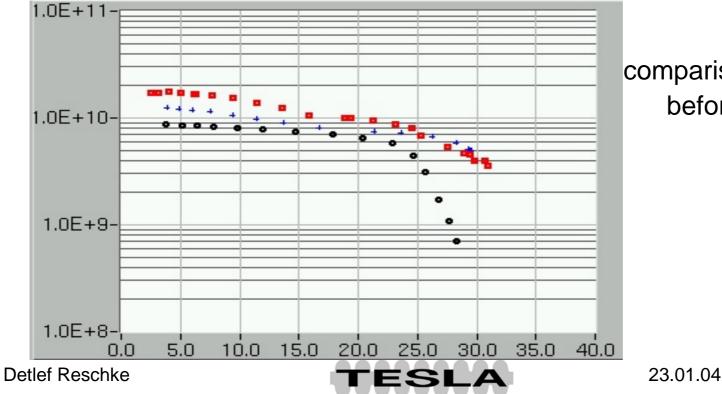
1P6: older spun cavity (best result $E_{acc} = 35 \text{ MV/m}$ after EP@CERN + bake) 60µm EP : $E_{acc} = 31 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,5 \cdot 10^9$; few FE + bake 124C : $E_{acc} = 22 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,4 \cdot 10^9$; strong FE + new HPR : $E_{acc} = 32 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,5 \cdot 10^9$; no FE =>no improvement + bake 140C : $E_{acc} = 31 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,5 \cdot 10^9$; few FE =>no improvement

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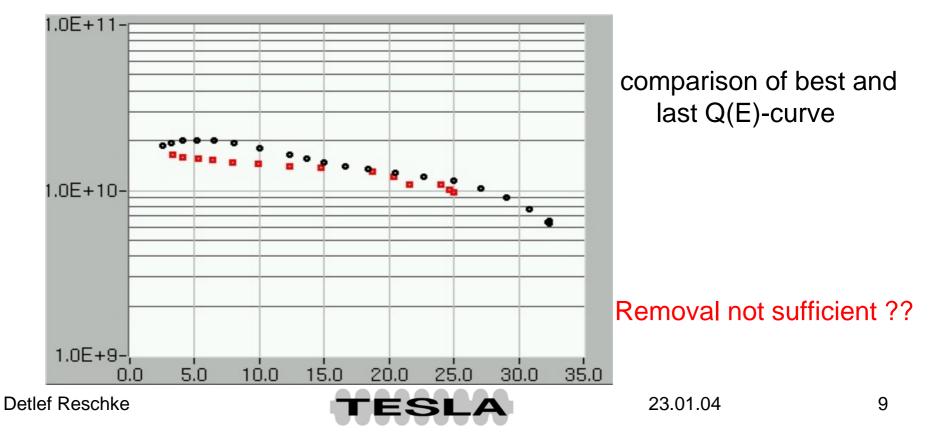
- 1S1 of the CERN Saclay DESY collaboration; welded at ACCEL 800C firing + 1400C titanisation; best result $E_{acc} = 35MV/m$ after EP@CERN + bake
- 70 µm EP@Henkel; test after bake showed leak and fieldemission: $E_{acc} = 31 \text{ MV/m } @ \text{ Q}_0 = 3,6 \cdot 10^9$; strong FE; limited by vac





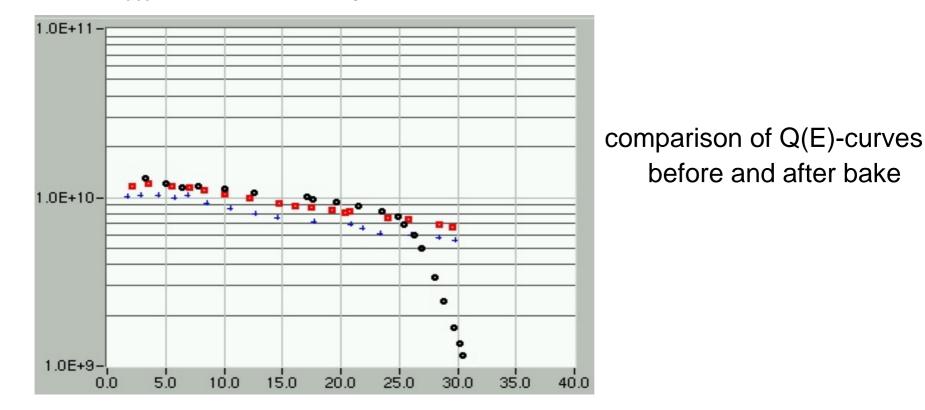
comparison of Q(E)-curves before and after bake

- 1B1 of the CERN Saclay DESY collaboration; welded at CERN reference cavity with BCP-treatment; 1200C titanisation;
 best result E_{acc} = 32,5 MV/m @ Q₀ = 6,5 ·10⁹ after EP@CERN + bake
- 130 µm tumbling, 20µm BCP, 800C firing + 40 µm EP@Henkel: $E_{acc} = 25 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 9,5 \cdot 10^9$; no FE; limited by BD



- 1B10 of the CERN Saclay DESY collaboration; welded at CERN 800C firing; after EP@CERN only 17 MV/m limited by strong multipacting
- 100µm EP@Henkel; HPR + bake

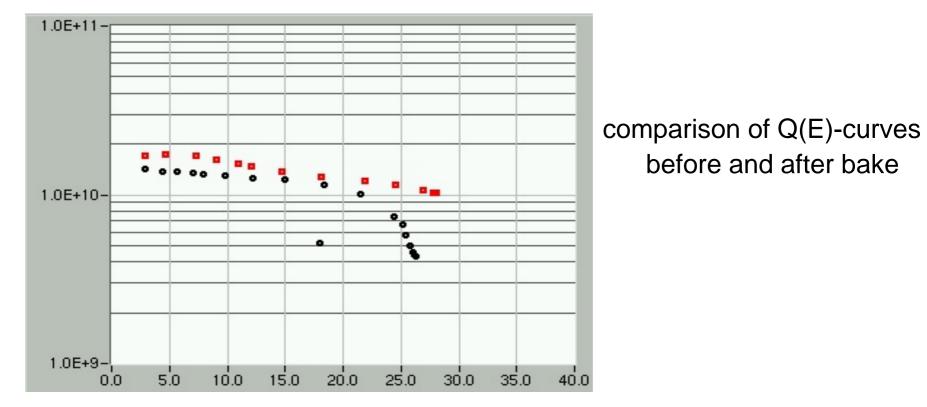
 $E_{acc} = 30 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 5.5 \cdot 10^9$; no FE; limited by BD; strong MP



23.01.04

- 1B11 of the CERN Saclay DESY collaboration; welded at CERN 800C firing?; no previous test
- 100µm EP@Henkel; HPR + bake

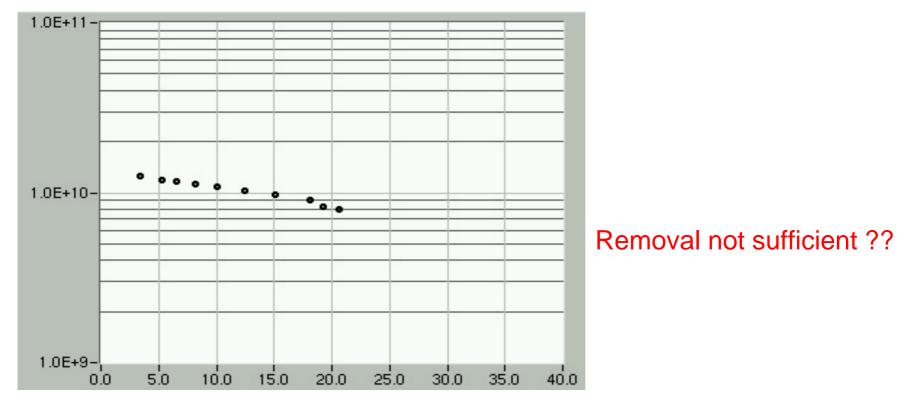
 $E_{acc} = 28 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1.10^{10}$; no FE; limited by BD; strong MP





- 1B12 of the CERN Saclay DESY collaboration; welded at CERN 800C firing?; EP@DESY ??µm, but no previous test due to accident during HPR
- 100µm EP@Henkel; HPR + bake

 $E_{acc} = 20.8 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 8.10^9$; no FE; limited by BD; some MP





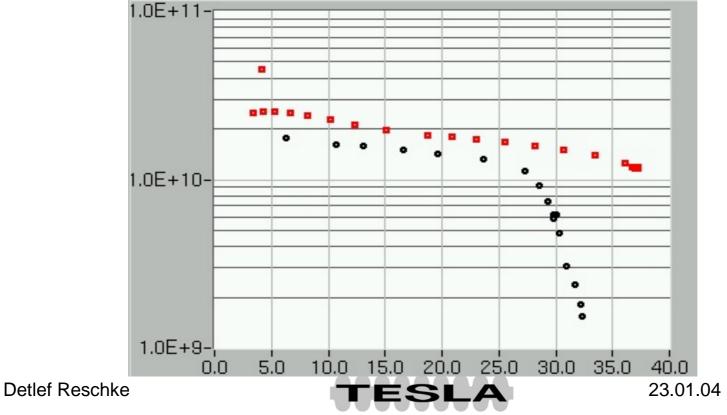
Anodizing



1B8: First successful EP at DESY

- single-cell cavity of the CERN Saclay DESY collaboration welded at CERN (best result E_{acc} = 41MV/m after EP + bake at CERN)
- first EP @ DESY:

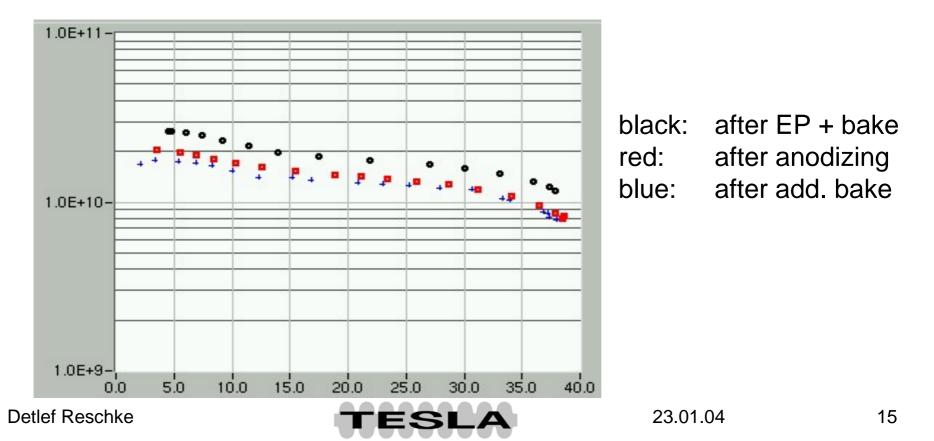
before bake: $E_{acc} = 32 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,6 \cdot 10^9$, no FE; limited by power + bake 135C: $E_{acc} = 38 \text{ MV/m} @ Q_0 = 1,2 \cdot 10^{10}$, limited by BD; no FE



1B8: Anodizing

- anodizing with 30 V (\approx ??? nm Nb₂O₅-layer) + HPR E_{acc} = 39 (42) MV/m @ Q₀ = 8 ·10⁹, limited by BD; no FE
- bake at 130C

 $E_{acc} = 38$ (42) MV/m @ $Q_0 = 8e9$, limited by BD; no FE



Summary + Outlook

- EP @ Henkel Elektropoliertechnik still needs final confirmation of full EP performance
 - detailed discussion of processes necessary
 - EP of spun three-cell cavity and more single-cell cavities in near future

• Anodizing for further understanding of the bakeout

