

**Complete $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ massive corrections
to Bhabha scattering;
automatization with *aIT*ALC**

1st ECFA–Study WORKSHOP

Montpellier, France, 13-16 November 2003

ALEJANDRO LORCA

DESY Zeuthen, Theory Group



Work done in collaboration with

TORD RIEMANN

Contents

1. Motivation, why Bhabha again?
2. Tree-level example
3. $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$: One loop and photonic corrections
4. Computing tools: *aiTALC*
5. Results
6. Conclusions

Motivation

Why Bhabha again?

 No physical need to study **massive** Bhabha

but ...

1. Untested Higgs and “its unphysical sector” ϕ .
2. Last piece with s - t crossing symmetry in $2 \rightarrow 2$ fermions.
3. Comparison precision requires m_e for > 10 digits.
(Available numerical cross-checking with other codes)
4. To test our *new* tool: [aiTALC](#)

Motivation: Bhabha Physics

Process: $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-(\gamma)$

- i** **Highest** single channel production due to **elastic** γ exchange
- 👉** Bhabha scattering is used for **monitoring luminosity** spectrum
 - Low angle** at high energies machines (LEP, LC)
 - Large angle** for e^+e^- flavour factories
- Some **New Physics** may show up **indirectly** in such process:
e.g. virtual graviton exchange, extra dimensions, contact interactions, ...
Essential to analyze future deviations with SM predictions
→ Need **lower** theoretical **uncertainties** for next machines

Motivation: Calculations

An incomplete historical summary ...

| Who? | When? | What? |
|----------------------------------|-------|--|
| Bhabha | 1935 | Tree-level QED |
| Readhead | 1953 | Leading 1-loop QED |
| Berends, Gaemers and Gastmans | 1974 | Complete 1-loop QED with hard γ |
| Consoli | 1979 | Complete 1-loop Electro-weak |
| Böehm, Denner, Hollik and Sommer | 1984 | Numerical 1-loop Electro-weak |
| Bardin, Hollik and Riemann | 1991 | Leading weak 2-loop at Z-resonance |
| Jadach and others | 90's | Precise Monte Carlo |
| Bern, Dixon and Ghinculov | 2000 | 2-loops QED |
| Fleischer et al. | 2002 | (1-loop) ² massive QED |

Tree-level example: Observables

$\theta =$ Scattering angle between both e^- , $s = E_{\text{CM}}^2$

Main Observable: Differential Cross Section

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} &= \frac{1}{32\pi} \frac{1}{s} \Theta(s - 4m_e^2) \sum_{\text{conf}} |\mathcal{A}(\cos\theta)|^2 \\ &= \text{Energy}^{-2} \times \text{Threshold} \times \text{Amplitude}^2\end{aligned}$$

Other Observables:

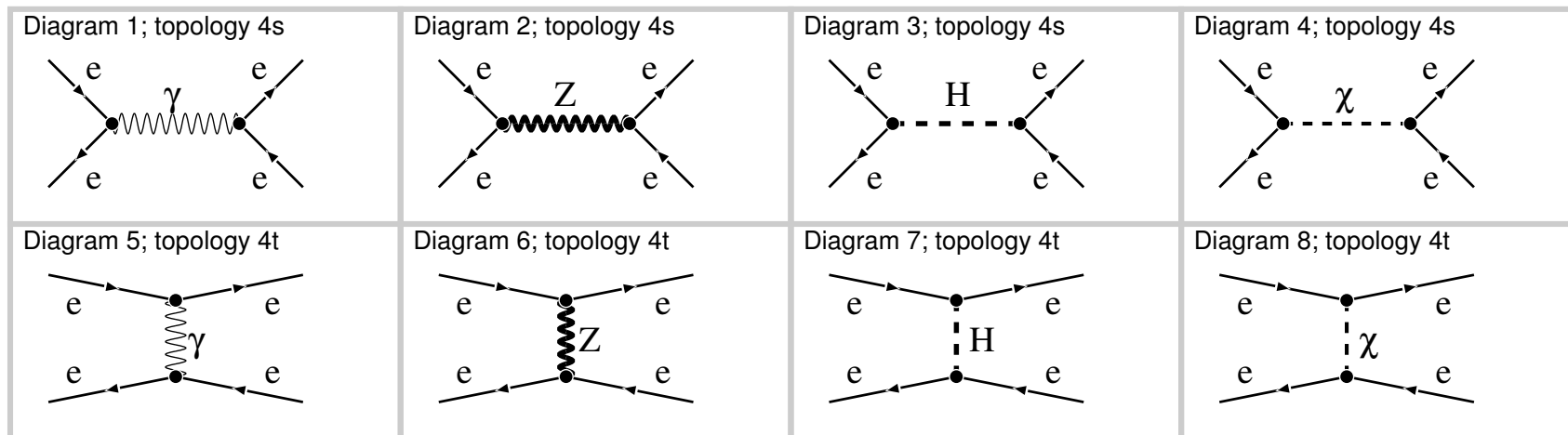
- Total Cross Section
- Forward-Backward Asymmetry

Tree-level example: Diagrams

8 Feynman Diagrams ...

Vector

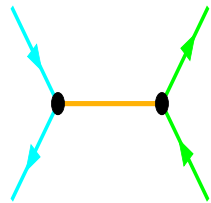
Scalar



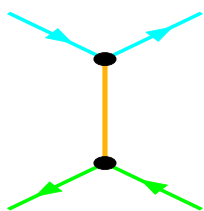
$$|\mathcal{A}|^2 = \mathcal{A}_s^* \mathcal{A}_s + \mathcal{A}_t^* \mathcal{A}_s + \mathcal{A}_s^* \mathcal{A}_t + \mathcal{A}_t^* \mathcal{A}_t$$

Tree-level example: Amplitude

... with their Feynman Rules



$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{A}_s^{(0)} = & \bar{v}_e \quad i e \gamma^\mu Q_e \quad u_e \quad \frac{-i g_{\mu\nu}}{s+i\epsilon} \quad \bar{u}_e \quad i e \gamma^\nu Q_e \quad v_e \\
 & + \bar{v}_e i e \gamma^\mu (V_e - A_e \gamma_5) u_e \frac{-i g_{\mu\nu}}{s-m_Z^2+i\epsilon} \bar{u}_e i e \gamma^\nu (V_e - A_e \gamma_5) v_e \\
 & + \bar{v}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \quad u_e \frac{i}{s-m_H^2+i\epsilon} \bar{u}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \quad v_e \\
 & + \bar{v}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \gamma_5 \quad u_e \frac{i}{s-m_Z^2+i\epsilon} \bar{u}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \gamma_5 \quad v_e
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{A}_t^{(0)} = & \bar{u}_e \quad i e \gamma^\mu Q_e \quad u_e \quad \frac{-i g_{\mu\nu}}{t+i\epsilon} \quad \bar{v}_e \quad i e \gamma^\nu Q_e \quad v_e \\
 & + \bar{u}_e i e \gamma^\mu (V_e - A_e \gamma_5) u_e \frac{-i g_{\mu\nu}}{t-m_Z^2+i\epsilon} \bar{v}_e i e \gamma^\nu (V_e - A_e \gamma_5) v_e \\
 & + \bar{u}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \quad u_e \frac{i}{t-m_H^2+i\epsilon} \bar{v}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \quad v_e \\
 & + \bar{u}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \gamma_5 \quad u_e \frac{i}{t-m_Z^2+i\epsilon} \bar{v}_e \quad -i \frac{1}{2s_W} \frac{m_e}{m_W} \gamma_5 \quad v_e
 \end{aligned}$$

Coupling

Propag.

Coupling

1-Loop stuff: Introductory

Going to next **perturbation** order ... **1-Loop**

$$\begin{aligned} |\mathcal{A}|^2 &= |\mathcal{A}^{(0)} + \mathcal{A}^{(1)} + \dots|^2 \\ &= \underbrace{\mathcal{A}^{(0)} \mathcal{A}^{(0)*}}_{\mathcal{LO}(\alpha^2)} + \underbrace{\mathcal{A}^{(0)} \mathcal{A}^{(1)*} + \mathcal{A}^{(1)} \mathcal{A}^{(0)*}}_{\text{NLO}(\alpha^3)} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

- ❗ More complicated **Kinematic** structure (Matrix Elements)
- ❗ Much more complicated **Dynamic** interactions (Form Factors)

$$\mathcal{A} = \sum_i^{\text{complete set}} \mathbf{M}_i (\mathbf{F}_i^{(0)} + \mathbf{F}_i^{(1)} + \dots)$$

1-Loop stuff: Matrix Elements Definition

We use 9×4 elements for each channel basis $(s, t) = 72$

Example for the fermionic s -channel.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|--|-------|
| $\mathbf{M}_s 1,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 2,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\not{p}_a \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 3,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\not{p}_b \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 4,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\not{p}_a \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\not{p}_b \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 5,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\gamma^\mu \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\gamma_\mu \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 6,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\gamma^\mu \not{p}_a \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\gamma_\mu \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 7,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\gamma^\mu \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\gamma_\mu \not{p}_b \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 8,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\gamma^\mu \not{p}_a \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\gamma_\mu \not{p}_b \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |
| $\mathbf{M}_s 9,j$ | $= \bar{v}_e$ | $\gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | $u_e \otimes \bar{u}_e$ | $\gamma_\mu \gamma_\nu \{\mathbb{1}, \gamma_5\}_j$ | v_e |

p_a and p_b are external momenta. $j = 11, 15, 51, 55$

1-Loop stuff: Calculation

At 1-loop in the SM^a we have:

15 Topologies and 804 Diagrams! (148 = 0)

- ☹ No **tadpoles** (renorm. conditions)
 - ☹ No **external legs loops** (field ren.)
- } Precomputed s.e. for ren. parameters
- 😊 Automatically generated **counter-terms** diagrams
 - ☹ No tensor integral **reduction** (numerical evaluation)
 - ✓ Code is **UltraViolet** and **InfraRed** finite

All in **7'15"** with Pentium IV at 2.4 GHz (**and 2 years Ph.D.**)

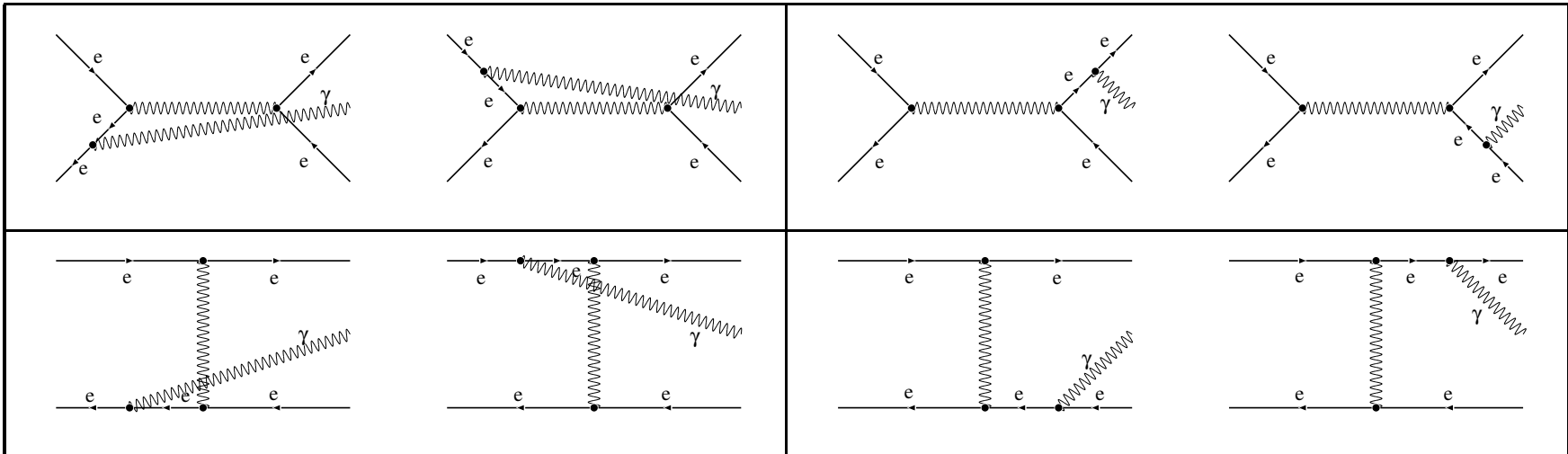
^a☞ On-Shell renormalization scheme, Feynman-'t Hooft Gauge

$O(\alpha)$ corrections: Photon emission

- ✗ Real detectors cannot observe soft photons
- ☞ Photon emission mixes **incoherently** with pure Bhabha
- ✓ Remove **IR** singularities from ext. s.e., vertices and boxes in 1-loop

Initial State Radiation

Final State Radiation



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Phi_3} \propto |A_\gamma^{\text{ini}} + A_\gamma^{\text{fin}}|^2 \quad \text{with } \Phi_3 = \text{Phase-Space 3 part...}$$

$$\left. \frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} \right|_{\text{Soft}} = \text{Soft}_\gamma \text{ Factor} \times \left. \frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} \right|_{\text{Born}}$$

Computing Tools

Full calculation performed with *a*TALC

an Integrated Tool for Automating Loop Calculations (A.L AND T. RIEMANN)

Under development. Expected launching time: *29th February 2004*

<http://www-zeuthen.desy.de/~alorca/aitalc>

It runs under **Make** environment:

- **Generating and sorting Feynman Diagrams:** **DIANA 2.35**
Diagram ANAlizer based on QGRAF2
- **Extracting the Form Factors and Matrix Elements:** **kitForm3**
Our own 1-Loop library in FORM 3
- **Getting the numbers:** **kitFortran** (Evolution of TOPFIT)
FORTRAN program with LOOPTOOLS package (based on FF)

Modules in *aiTALC*: DIANA

What do we ask? DRIVER FILE

```

SET _processname = Bhabha
SET _TOPOLOGYEDITORNAME = "tedi"


---


\Begin(model,EWSM.model)
\End(model)
\Begin(process)
ingoing le(;p1),Le(;p4);
outgoing le(-p2),Le(-p3);
loops = 1;
\End(process)


---

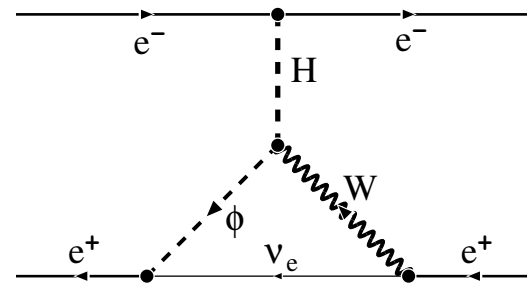

options = onshell,notadp;
*\excludevertex(Le,le,H)


---


SET MakeEps = "!"
\setpropline(Wm,arrowWavy, 5, 3)
...

```

What does Diana answer?



```

G Amplitude =
(-1)*F(1,1,1,0,0)*(-i)*e/2/sw*Mle/MW*F(2,2,1,-1,0)*
(-i)*e/2/sqrt2/sw*Mle/MW*FF(3,2,+q,Mne)*i_*
F(3,2,mu1,1,-1,1)*(+i)*e/2/sqrt2/sw*SS(4,0)*i_*
SS(1,2)*i_*VV(2,mu2,mu1,-q-k2,2)*i_*
V(4,mu2,+p1+p2-(+q+k1),1)*(-i)*e/2/sw;


---


#define COUNTER "626"
#define LINE "4"
#define LOOPTYPE "c"
#define PROTOTYPE "WnH"
...

```

Generates, sorts and extracts information of the diagrams!

Modules in *a*TALC: kitForm3



DIANA
(symbolic level)

??? 1-Loop Library ???



FORTRAN
(numeric level)

Written in FORM

```
#call feynmanrules()
.....
#call tracefermiloops()
#call integration()
#call chisholm()
#call dimensionfour()
#call gammaalgebra()
#call onshell()
#call diracequation()
#call massivefofa('i',15,0)
.end
```

→ Those **procedures** are intended to be **general**

✓ Write **automatically** FORTRAN subroutines from DIANA output

tools: Diagram analytical output

Diagram No. 626\\

FORM by J.Vermaseren,version 3.1(Jan 24 2003) Run at: Tue Nov 11 19:32:33 2003\\

#-

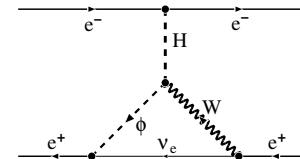
BhabhaD626 =

```

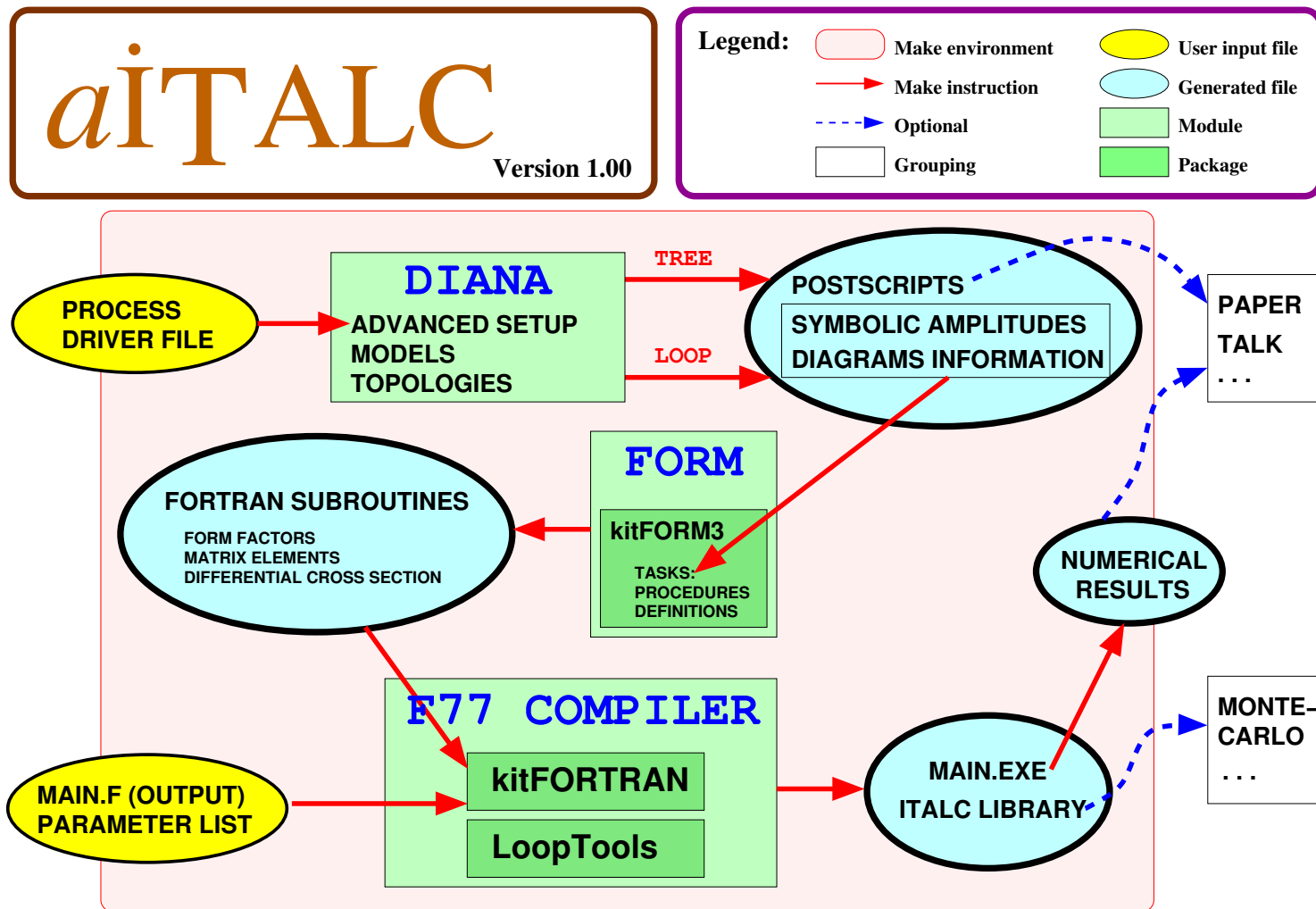
+ ident(1)*ident(2)*den(t,MH2)*im*Miw2*e4*siw4*pi2i * (
  - 1/512*Mde2
  + 1/256*C0i(cc1,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  - 1/128*C0i(cc2,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*t*Mde2
  + 1/256*C0i(cc2,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  + 1/64*C0i(cc00,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde2
  + 1/256*C0i(cc11,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  - 1/256*C0i(cc12,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*t*Mde2
  + 1/128*C0i(cc12,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  + 1/256*C0i(cc22,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
)

+ ident(1)*gamma5(2)*den(t,MH2)*im*Miw2*e4*siw4*pi2i * (
  + 1/512*Mde2
  - 3/256*C0i(cc1,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  + 1/128*C0i(cc2,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*t*Mde2
  - 5/256*C0i(cc2,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  - 1/64*C0i(cc00,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde2
  - 1/256*C0i(cc11,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  + 1/256*C0i(cc12,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*t*Mde2
  - 1/128*C0i(cc12,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
  - 1/256*C0i(cc22,Me2,t,Me2,Mn2,MW2,MW2)*Mde4
);

```



Structure of *a*TALC: Flowchart



Results: Numerical comparison

$$e^-e^+ \rightarrow e^-e^+ (\gamma) \text{ at LC: } \sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}, E_{\max}(\gamma_{\text{soft}}) = \frac{\sqrt{s}}{10}$$

| $\cos \theta$ | $\left[\frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta} \right]_{\text{Born}} \text{ (pb)}$ | $\left[\frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \theta} \right]_{\mathcal{O}(\alpha^3)=\text{Born+QED+weak+soft}}$ | Group |
|---------------|---|--|---------------------|
| -0.9 | 0.21699 88288 10920 5 | 0.19344 50785 2686 3 6 | <i>aiTALC</i> |
| -0.9 | 0.21699 88288 10920 0 | 0.19344 50785 2686 2 2 | <i>FA + FC + LT</i> |
| -0.9 | 0.21699 88288 41513 1 | 0.19344 50785 62637 9 | $m_e = 0$ |
| -0.5 | 0.26136 04305 85323 6 | 0.23870 66977 2333 8 2 | <i>aiTALC</i> |
| -0.5 | 0.26136 04305 85323 4 | 0.23870 66977 2334 4 6 | <i>FA + FC + LT</i> |
| -0.5 | 0.26136 04306 17585 0 | 0.23870 66977 50854 7 | $m_e = 0$ |
| 0.0 | 0.59814 23072 50330 3 | 0.54667 71794 694 23 1 | <i>aiTALC</i> |
| 0.0 | 0.59814 23072 50329 4 | 0.54667 71794 694 21 8 | <i>FA + FC + LT</i> |
| 0.0 | 0.59814 23072 88584 4 | 0.54667 71794 99961 4 | $m_e = 0$ |
| 0.5 | 0.42127 29493 91625 6 · 10 ¹ | 0.38130 07881 789 66 1 · 10 ¹ | <i>aiTALC</i> |
| 0.5 | 0.42127 29493 91625 1 · 10 ¹ | 0.38130 07881 789 53 9 · 10 ¹ | <i>FA + FC + LT</i> |
| 0.5 | 0.42127 29493 96691 5 · 10 ¹ | 0.38130 07881 81327 0 · 10 ¹ | $m_e = 0$ |
| 0.9 | 0.18916 03223 32270 6 · 10 ³ | 0.17292 83490 6650 7 2 · 10 ³ | <i>aiTALC</i> |
| 0.9 | 0.18916 03223 32270 6 · 10 ³ | 0.17292 83490 6650 8 0 · 10 ³ | <i>FA + FC + LT</i> |
| 0.9 | 0.18916 03223 31848 5 · 10 ³ | 0.17292 83490 61347 4 · 10 ³ | $m_e = 0$ |

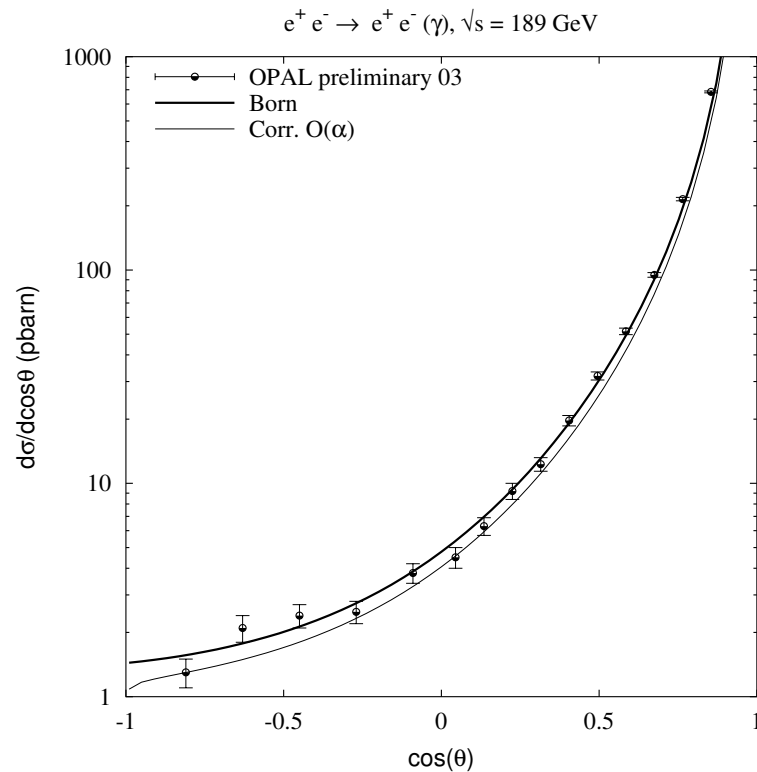
Huge independent agreement! 14 digits : limit in double precision

Previous agreement with FA+FC+LT: 11 digits [hep-ph/0307132](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0307132), SANC: 10 digits [hep-ph/0207156](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0207156)

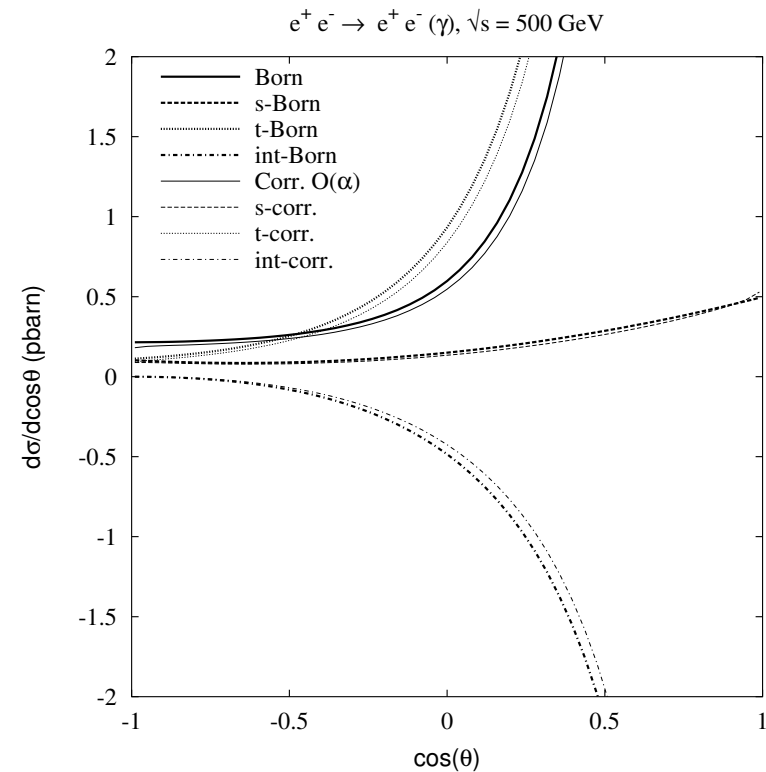
Thanks to [T. Hahn](#), numbers supplied with *FeynArts* + *FormCalc* + *LoopTools*

Results: Some plots

a) Checking some real data...



b) $s - t$ interference effects



$O(\alpha)$ corrections are about **8 : 12 : 18 %** at **0.5 : 1 : 3 TeV**

Conclusions

- 👉 We presented the **complete** $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ corrections to massive Bhabha
 - Building block in such an accurate project
 - Exact treatment of m_e brings credibility but no more physics
- ✓ Well known calculation method. Following
 - Böhm, Spiesberger and Hollik. Fortschr. Phys. 34 (1986) 11
 - A. Denner. Fortschr. Phys. 41 (1993) 4
- 👍 **14 digits** agreement! Fully satisfied, good cross-check for codes
- ♣ Collected some experience with ***aiTALC*** on **automatization** towards
 - Further testing and launch as public available the **2 to 2 fermion** version
 - Apply method on realistic physical studies.

Thanks to ...

M. Tentyukov and J. Fleischer for *DIANA*:

<http://www.physik.uni-bielefeld.de/~tentukov/diana.html>

P. Nogueira for *QGRAF*: <ftp://gtae2.ist.utl.pt/pub/qgraf/>

J. Vermaseren for *FORM*: <http://www.nikhef.nl/~form/>

T. Hahn and G. J. van Oldenborgh for *LoopTools* and *FF*:

<http://www.feynarts.de/looptools>

<http://www.xs4all.nl/~gjvo/FF.html>

Free Software Foundation and GNU-project for *Make* and *g77*

<http://www.gnu.org>

~ FIN ~