

Parton Distributions for the LHC

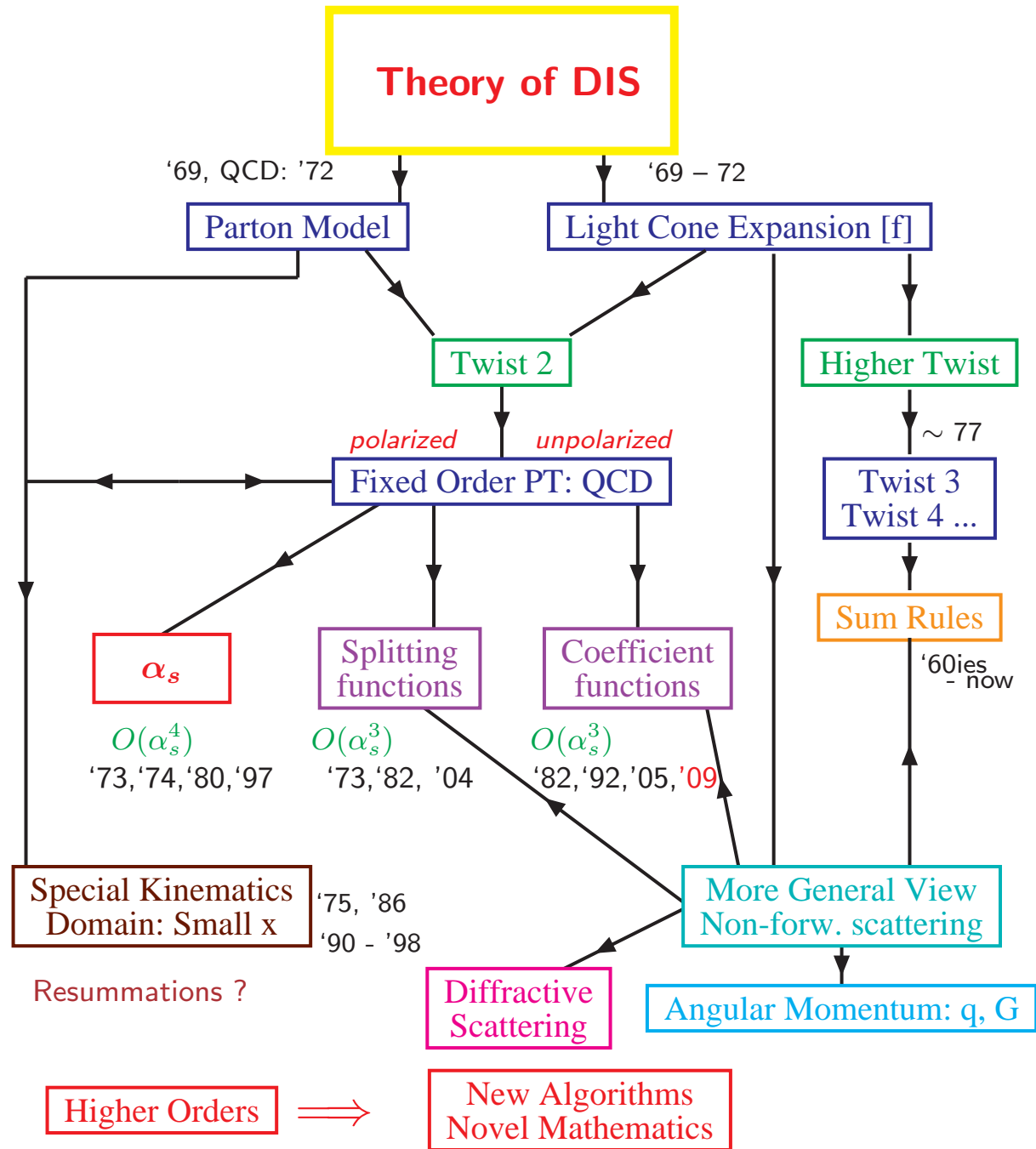
Johannes Blümlein
DESY











- The Major Goals
- DIS Theory Status
- Unpolarized Parton Distribution Functions
- Λ_{QCD} and $\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$
- PDFs and Inclusive Cross Sections at LHC
- Advanced Technologies
- Outlook

1. The Major Goals

- Precision Measurement of the Strong Coupling Constant $\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$
- Precision Measurement of the Unpolarized Parton Densities
- Precision Measurement of the Polarized Parton Densities
- Who Carries the Spin of the Proton?
- Higher Twist Effects
- Is there Saturation in DIS at small x ? \implies answered by experiment.



Status of Highest Order Calculations

- Running α_s : $O(\alpha_s^4)$ Larin, van Ritbergen, Vermaseren 1997
- Unpol. anomalous dimensions and Wilson coefficients: $O(\alpha_s^3)$
Moch, Vermaseren, Vogt 2004/05 
- Unpol. NS anomalous dimension 2nd Moment: $O(\alpha_s^4)$ Baikov, Chetyrkin 2006
- Pol. anomalous dimension: $O(\alpha_s^2)$; Mertig, van Neerven, 1995; Vogelsang 1995;
 $\Delta P^{qq} \Delta P_{qG}$: $O(\alpha_s^3)$ Moch, Rogal, Vermaseren, Vogt 2008 
- Pol. Wilson coefficients: $O(\alpha_s^2)$; $\Delta C_{NS}^{qq}, \Delta C_{qG}$: van Neerven, Zijlstra 1994
- Transversity: $O(\alpha_s^2)$, some moments anom. dim.: $O(\alpha_s^3)$, Hayashigaki, Kanazawa, Koike;
Kumano, Miyama; Vogelsang; 1997; Gracey 2006, HQ: JB, S.Klein, B. Tödtli 2008 
- Unpol. Heavy Flavor Wilson Coefficients: $O(\alpha_s^2)$ Laenen, van Neerven, Riemersma, Smith, 1993
Fast Mellin Space code: Blümlein & Alekhin, 2003 
- Pol. Heavy Flavor Wilson Coefficients: $O(\alpha_s^1)$ Watson 1982
- $Q^2 \gg m^2$ Unpol. Heavy Flavor Wilson Coefficient F_L : $O(\alpha_s^3)$
Blümlein, De Freitas, van Neerven, S. Klein 2005 
- $Q^2 \gg m^2$ Pol. Heavy Flavor Wilson Coefficient : $O(\alpha_s^2)$ van Neerven, Smith et al. 1996,
Bierenbaum, Blümlein & Klein 2007 
- $Q^2 \gg m^2$ Unpol. Heavy Flavor Wilson Coefficient F_2 : $O(\alpha_s^2 \varepsilon)$: all operators
(also polarized), Bierenbaum, Blümlein, Klein, Schneider, 2008;  $O(\alpha_s^3)$: Moments 2–10(12,14)
of the operator matrix elements, HQ Wilson coeff. Bierenbaum, Blümlein, Klein, 2008 

 = done at DESY (or in DESY collab.).



DIS Structure Functions @ Twist 2

$$F_j(x, Q^2) = \hat{f}_i(x, \mu^2) \otimes \sigma_j^i \left(\alpha_s, \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, x \right)$$

↑ bare pdf ↑ sub – system cross – sect.

$$= \underbrace{\hat{f}_i(x, \mu^2) \otimes \Gamma_k^i \left(\alpha_s(R^2), \frac{M^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{M^2}{R^2} \right)}_{\text{finite pdf} \equiv f_k}$$

$$\otimes \underbrace{C_j^k \left(\alpha_s(R^2), \frac{Q^2}{\mu^2}, \frac{M^2}{R^2}, x \right)}_{\text{finite Wilson coefficient}}$$

Move to Mellin space :

$$F_j(N) = \int_0^1 dx x^{N-1} F_j(x)$$

Diagonalization of the convolutions \otimes into ordinary products.

Evolution Equations

$$\left[M \frac{\partial}{\partial M} + \beta(g) \frac{\partial}{\partial g} - 2\gamma_\psi(g) \right] F_i(N) = 0$$

$$\left[M \frac{\partial}{\partial M} + \beta(g) \frac{\partial}{\partial g} + \gamma_\kappa^N(g) - 2\gamma_\psi(g) \right] f_k(N) = 0$$

$$\left[M \frac{\partial}{\partial M} + \beta(g) \frac{\partial}{\partial g} - \gamma_\kappa^N(g) \right] C_j^k(N) = 0$$

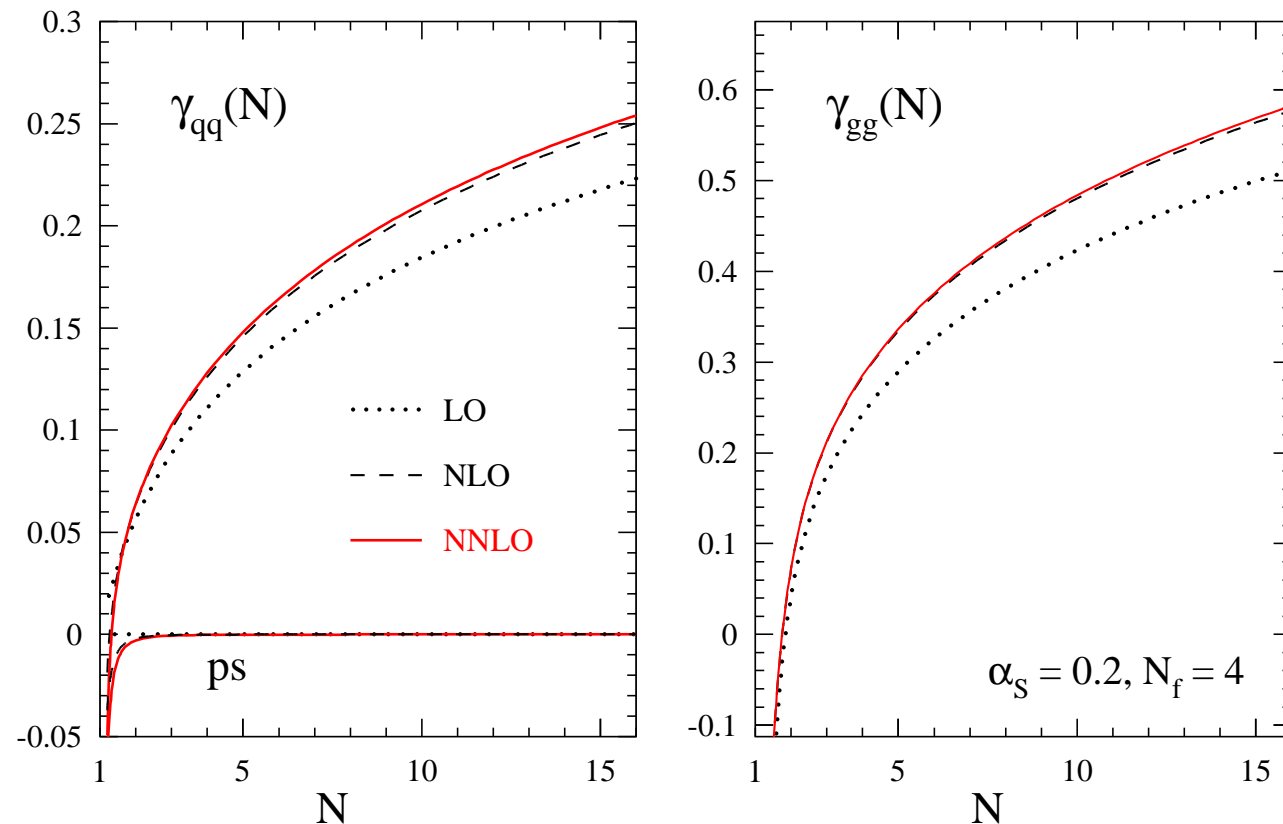
CALLAN–SYMANZIK equations for mass factorization  \equiv
ALTARELLI–PARISI evolution equations

x-space :

$$\frac{d}{d \log(\mu^2)} \begin{pmatrix} q^+(x, Q^2) \\ G(x, Q^2) \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \mathbf{P}(x, \alpha_s) \otimes \begin{pmatrix} q^+(x, Q^2) \\ G(x, Q^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{P}(x, \alpha_s) = \mathbf{P}^{(0)}(x) + \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \mathbf{P}^{(1)}(x) + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \right)^2 \mathbf{P}^{(2)}(x) + \dots$$

Anomalous Dimensions and Wilson Coefficients



Vermaseren, Moch, Vogt 2004 

The Basic Functions of massless QCD to $w=5:\equiv 3$ Loops

Representative : $S_1(N) = \psi(N + 1) + \gamma_E$ and its derivatives.

Weight $w=3$:
$$F_1(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\frac{\ln(1+x)}{1+x} \right] (N)$$

$$F_2(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\frac{\text{Li}_2(x)}{1+x} \right] (N), \quad F_3(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\left(\frac{\text{Li}_2(x)}{1-x} \right)_+ \right] (N)$$

Yndurain et al., 1981: $F_2(N)$

Weight $w=4$:

$$F_4(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\frac{S_{1,2}(x)}{1+x} \right] (N), \quad F_5(N) := \mathbf{M} \left[\left(\frac{S_{1,2}(x)}{1-x} \right)_+ \right] (N)$$

$F_3(N) - F_5(N)$: J.B., 2003; J.B., V. Ravindran ,2004

Weight w=5 :

$$F_{6,7}(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\left(\frac{\text{Li}_4(x)}{1 \pm x} \right)_{(+)} \right] (N), \quad F_8(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\frac{S_{1,3}(x)}{1+x} \right] (N),$$

$$F_{9,10}(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\left(\frac{S_{2,2}(x)}{1 \pm x} \right)_{(+)} \right] (N), \quad F_{11}(N) = \mathbf{M} \left[\frac{\text{Li}_2^2(x)}{1+x} \right] (N),$$

$$F_{12,13}(N) := \mathbf{M} \left[\left(\frac{\ln(x)S_{1,2}(-x) - \text{Li}_2^2(-x)/2}{1 \pm x} \right)_{(+)} \right] (N)$$


$F_6(N) - F_{13}(N)$: J.B., S. Moch, 2004.

Massless QCD to 3 Loops depends on 14 Functions.

Weight w=6 :

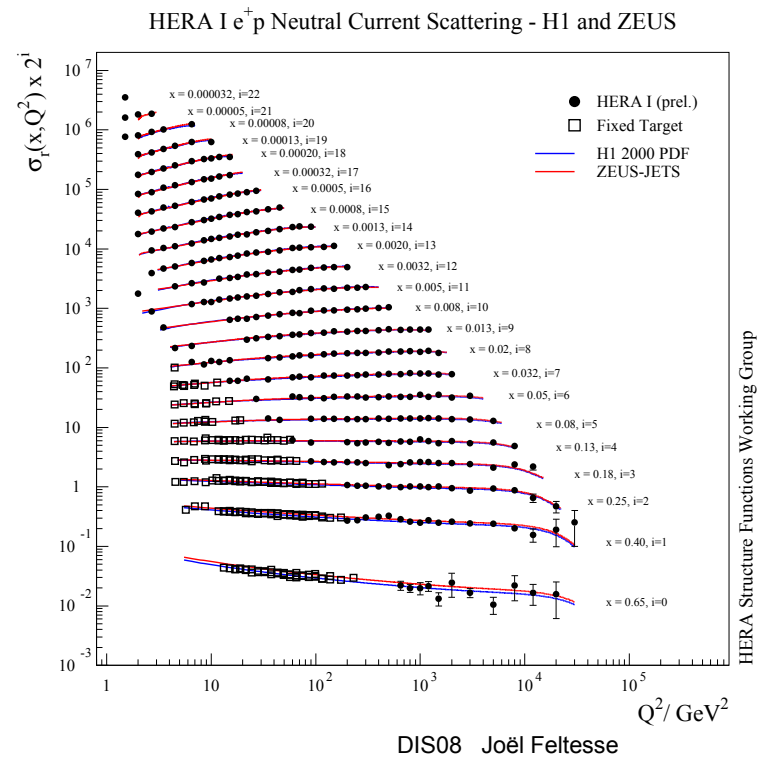
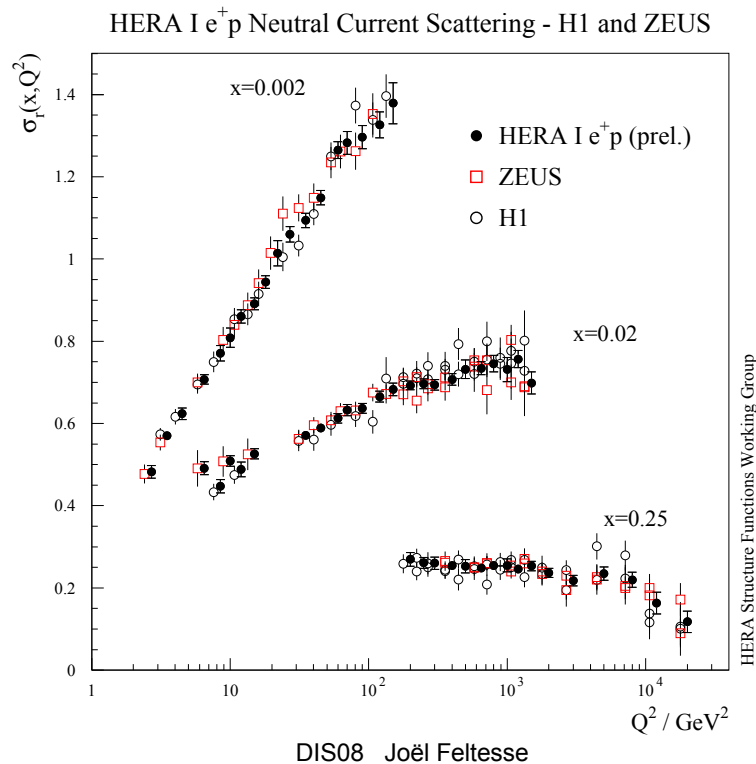
⇒ Representation for 3 Loop Wilson Coeff.: 35 Functions, J.B., 2009. 

Complex Analysis of these Functions

- Construct exact analytic continuations to **complex N**
- The functions are meromorphic
(up to soft corrections, which have a simple structure)
- Asymptotic Representation
- Recursion $z + 1 \rightarrow z$
- Solve the Evolution Equations fully analytically and form an **analytic expression** for the Structure functions in Mellin Space at all Q^2
- Include the **heavy flavor** Wilson coefficients in Mellin Space
 \Rightarrow nearly accomplished to $O(a_s^3)$ I. Bierenbaum, JB, S. Klein (2009) 
- Perform a **single** fast, numerical Mellin inversion
(at high precision)

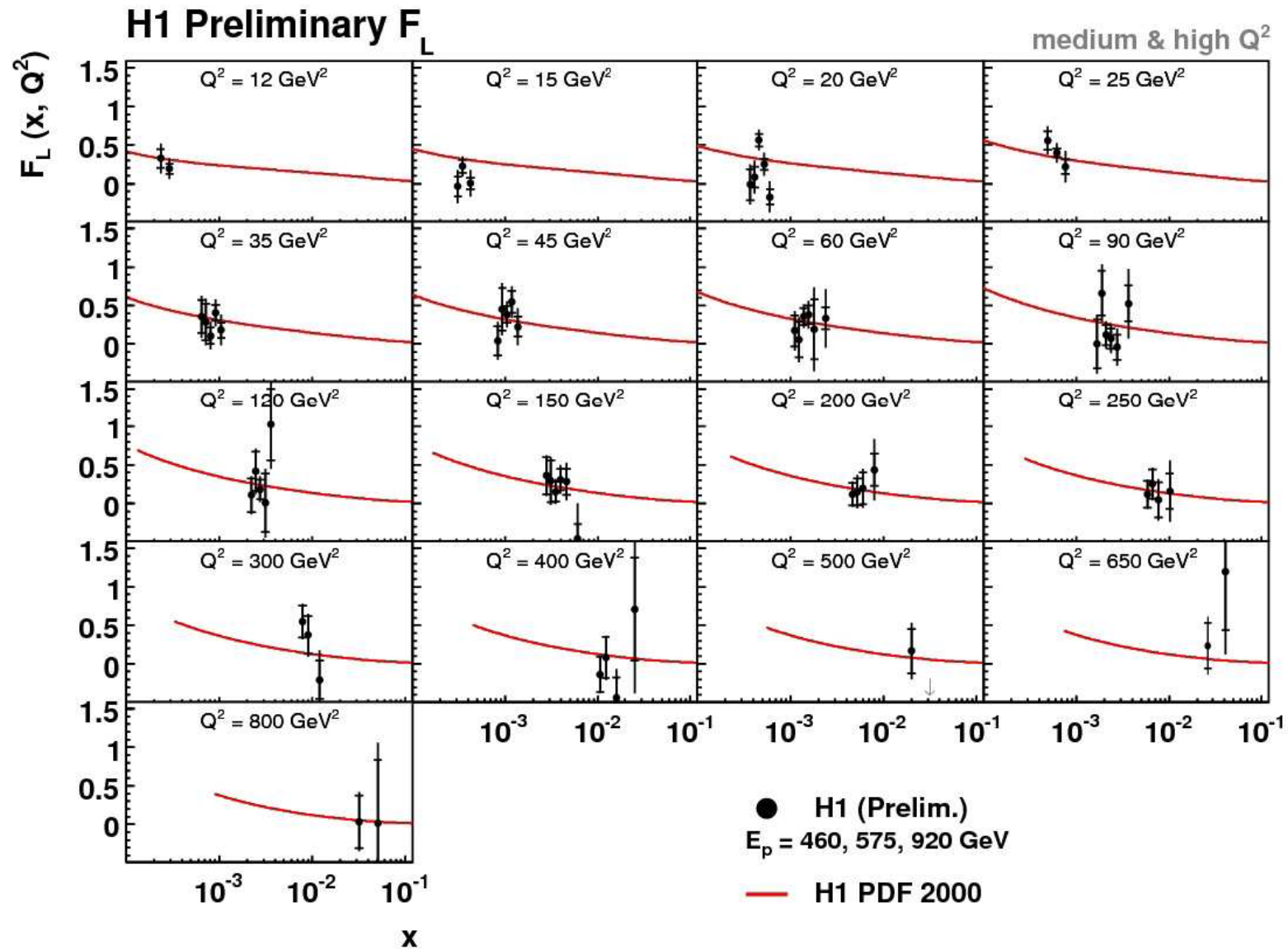
\Rightarrow **Fastest and most Precise Way of Analysis**

3. Unpolarized Parton Distribution Functions

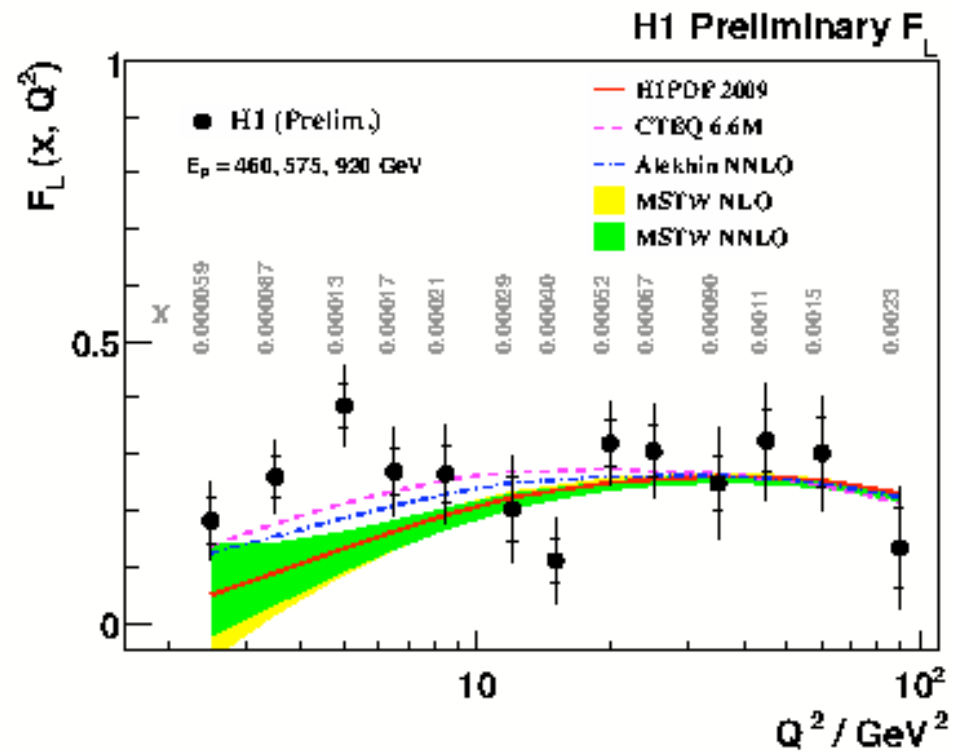


New ZEUS + H1 averaged $F_2(x, Q^2)$

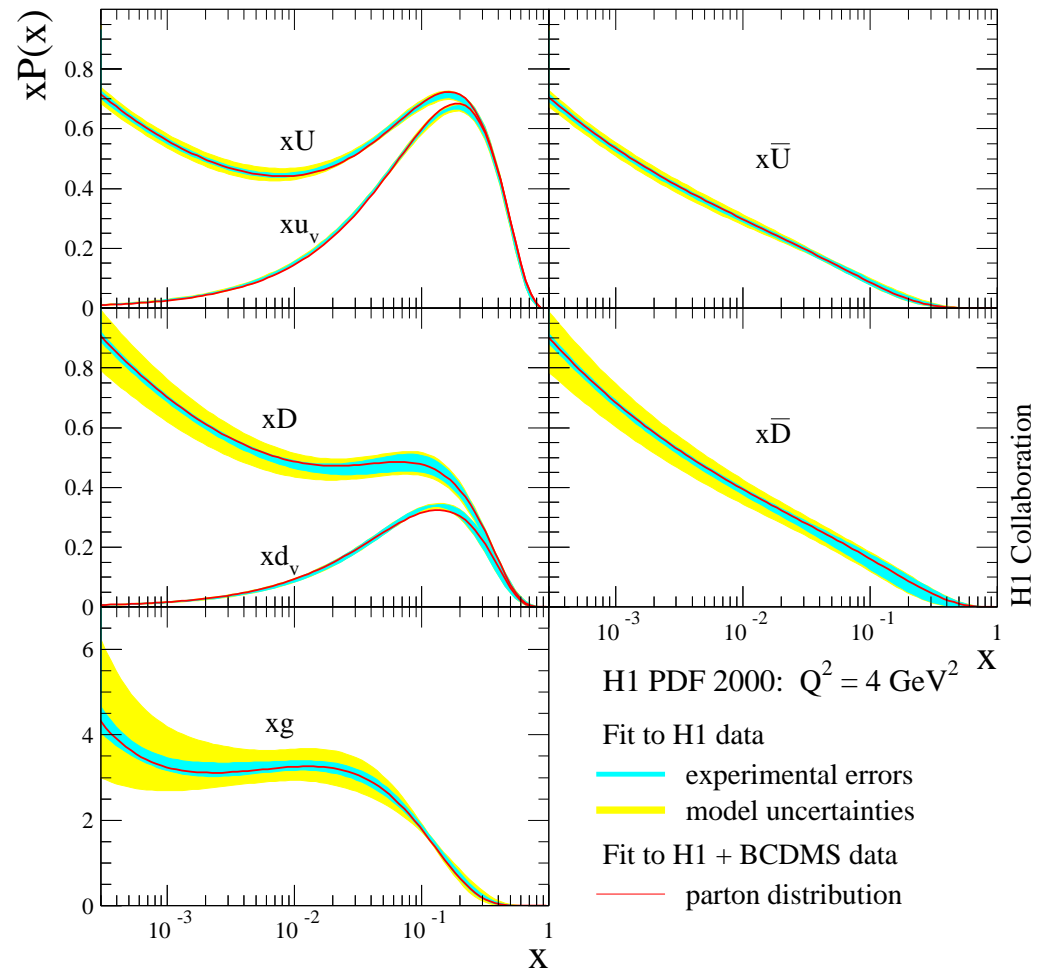
Direct $F_L(x, Q^2)$ Measurement at HERA



Direct $F_L(x, Q^2)$ Measurement at HERA (H1-prel.)

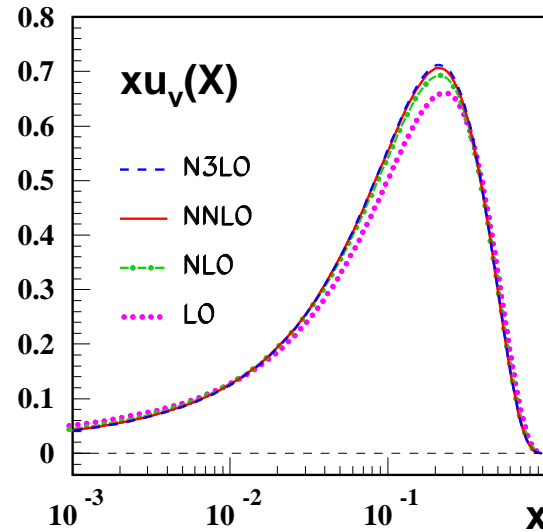
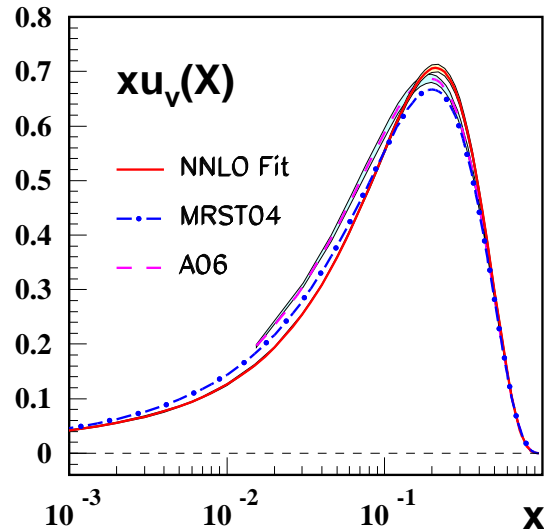


Parton Distributions: Overview



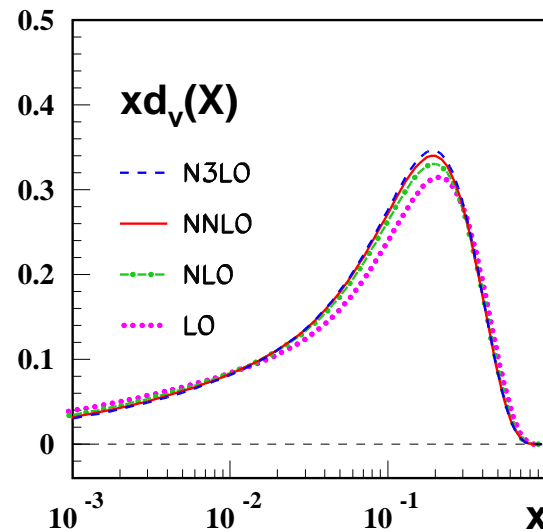
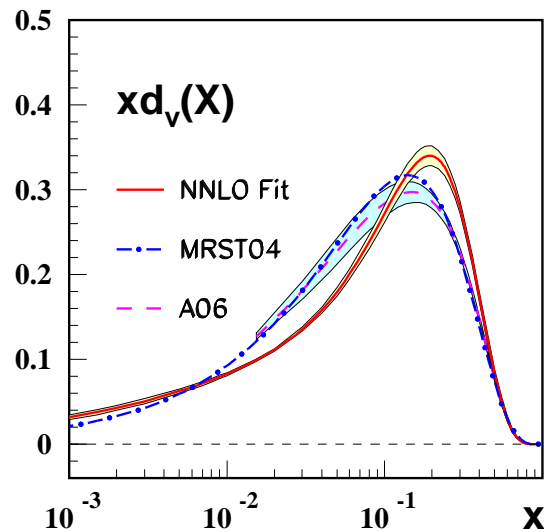
H1

World Data Analysis: Valence Distributions



World data:
NS-analysis

$$W^2 > 12.5 \text{ GeV}^2, Q^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2$$



N^3LO :

$$\alpha_s(M_Z^2) = 0.1141^{+0.0020}_{-0.0022}$$

J.B., H. Böttcher,
A. Guffanti,
(hep-ph/0607200)

Why an $O(\alpha_s^4)$ analysis can be performed?

assume an $\pm 100\%$ error on the Padé approximant $\longrightarrow \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$ in Λ_{QCD}

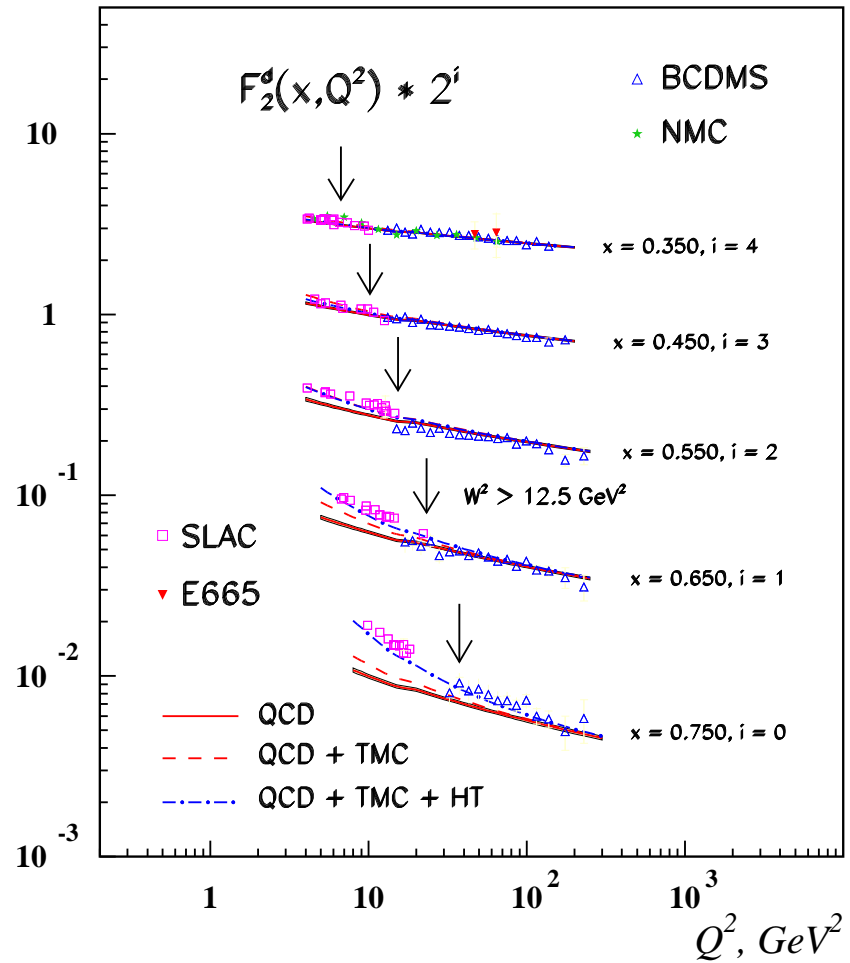
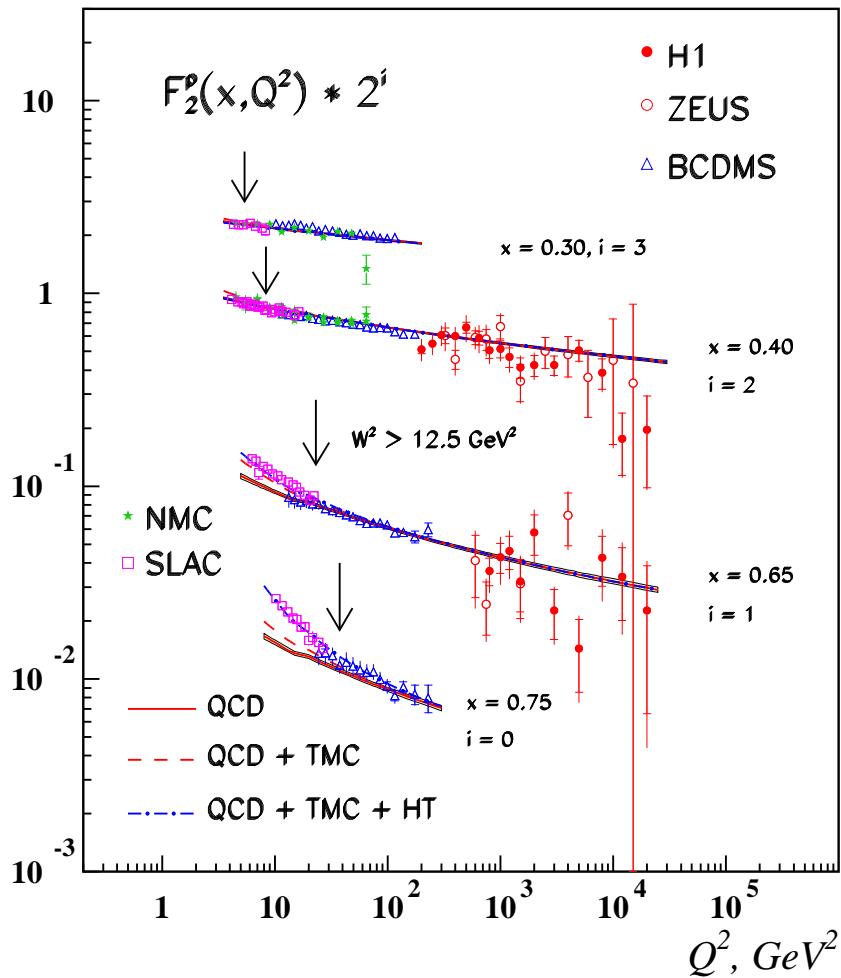
$$\gamma_n^{approx:3} = \frac{\gamma_n^{(2)2}}{\gamma_n^{(1)}}$$

Baikov & Chetyrkin, April 2006:

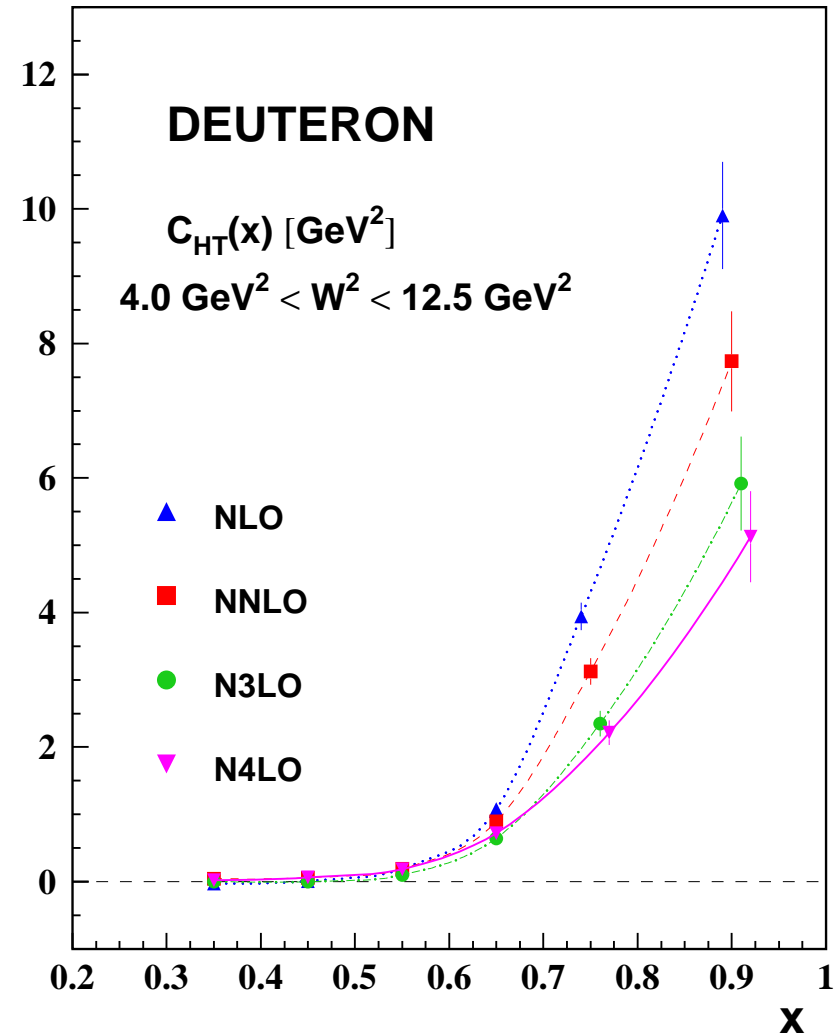
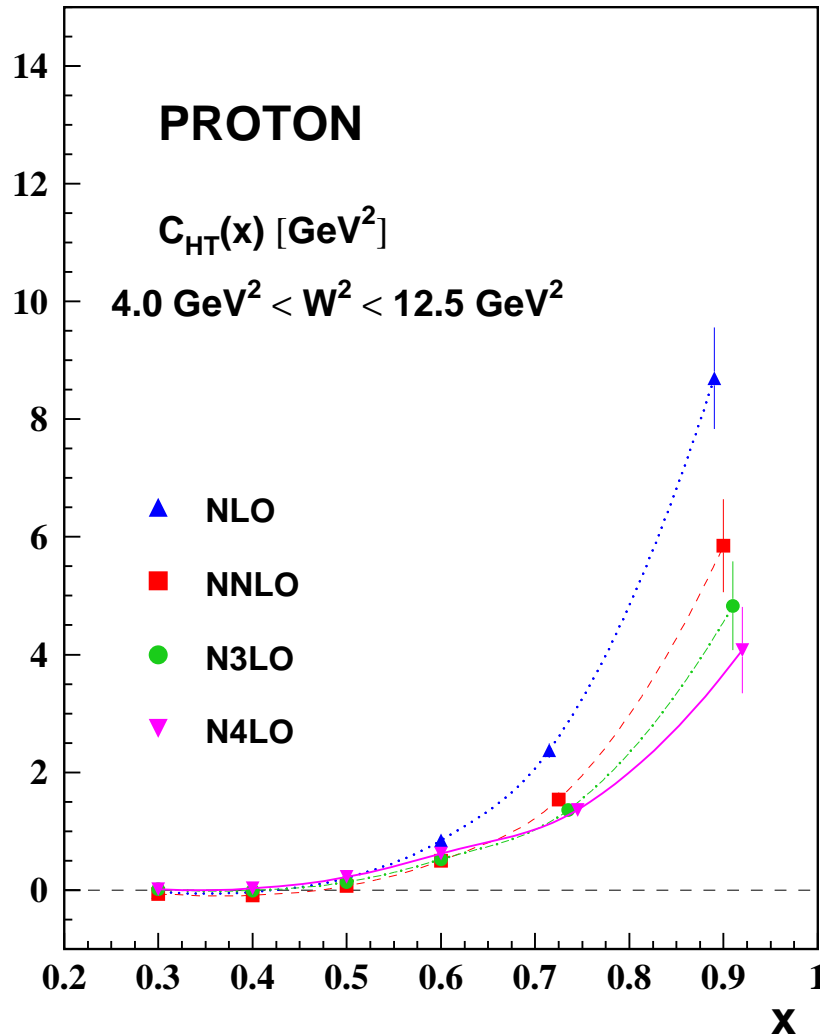
$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_2^{3;NS} &= \frac{32}{9} a_s + \frac{9440}{243} a_s^2 + \left[\frac{3936832}{6561} - \frac{10240}{81} \zeta_3 \right] a_s^3 \\ &+ \left[\frac{1680283336}{1777147} - \frac{24873952}{6561} \zeta_3 + \frac{5120}{3} \zeta_4 - \frac{56969}{243} \zeta_5 \right] a_s^4 \end{aligned}$$

The results agree better than 20%.

Valence Distributions

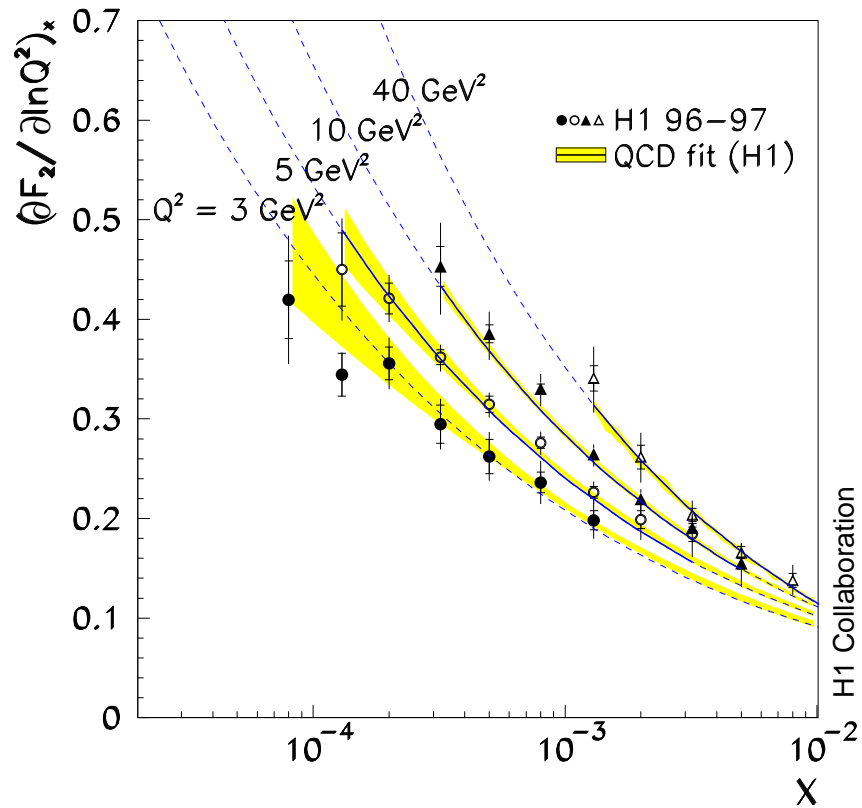


Valence Distributions: higher twist

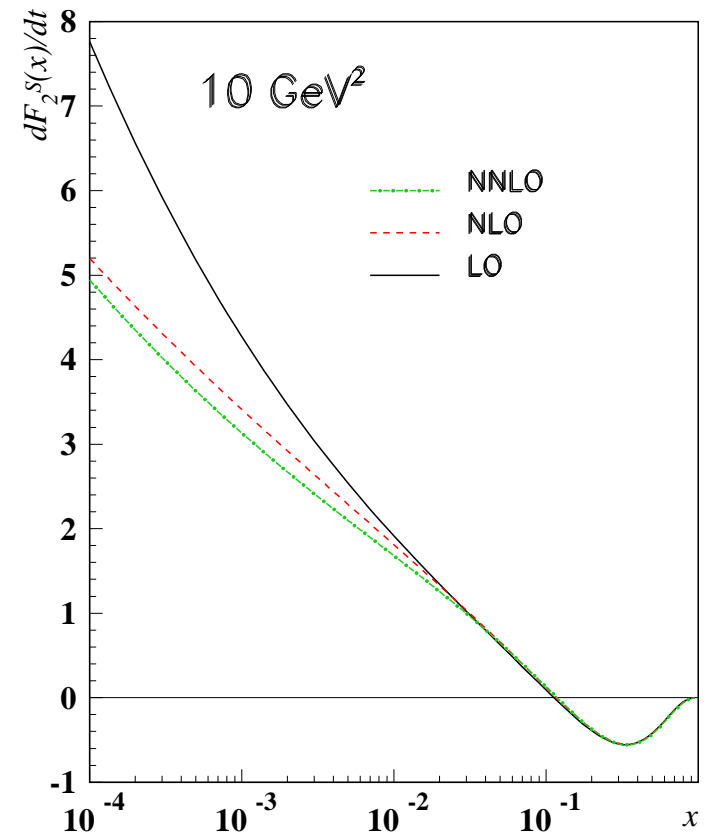


- agreement between p and d analysis, J.B., H. Böttcher, 2008
- LGT determination of interest

Slope of F_2 at low x



H1



J.B., A. Guffanti 2005

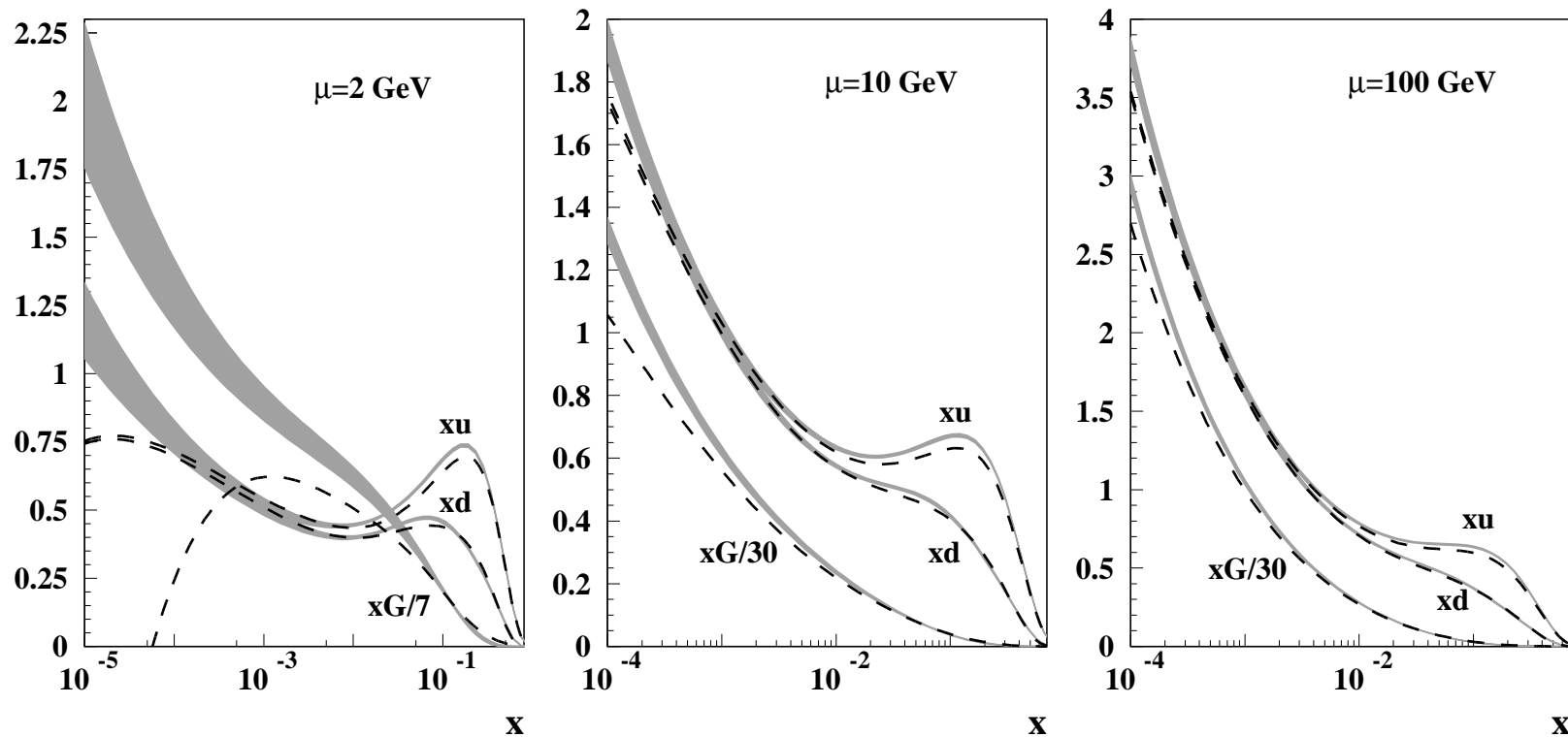
Very likely, that the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ -gluon is remains positive!

Flavor distributions: light quarks (NNLO)

Current Fitting Community (NNLO):



+ Many NLO analyses worldwide: CTEQ, NNPDF, H1, ZEUS, ...

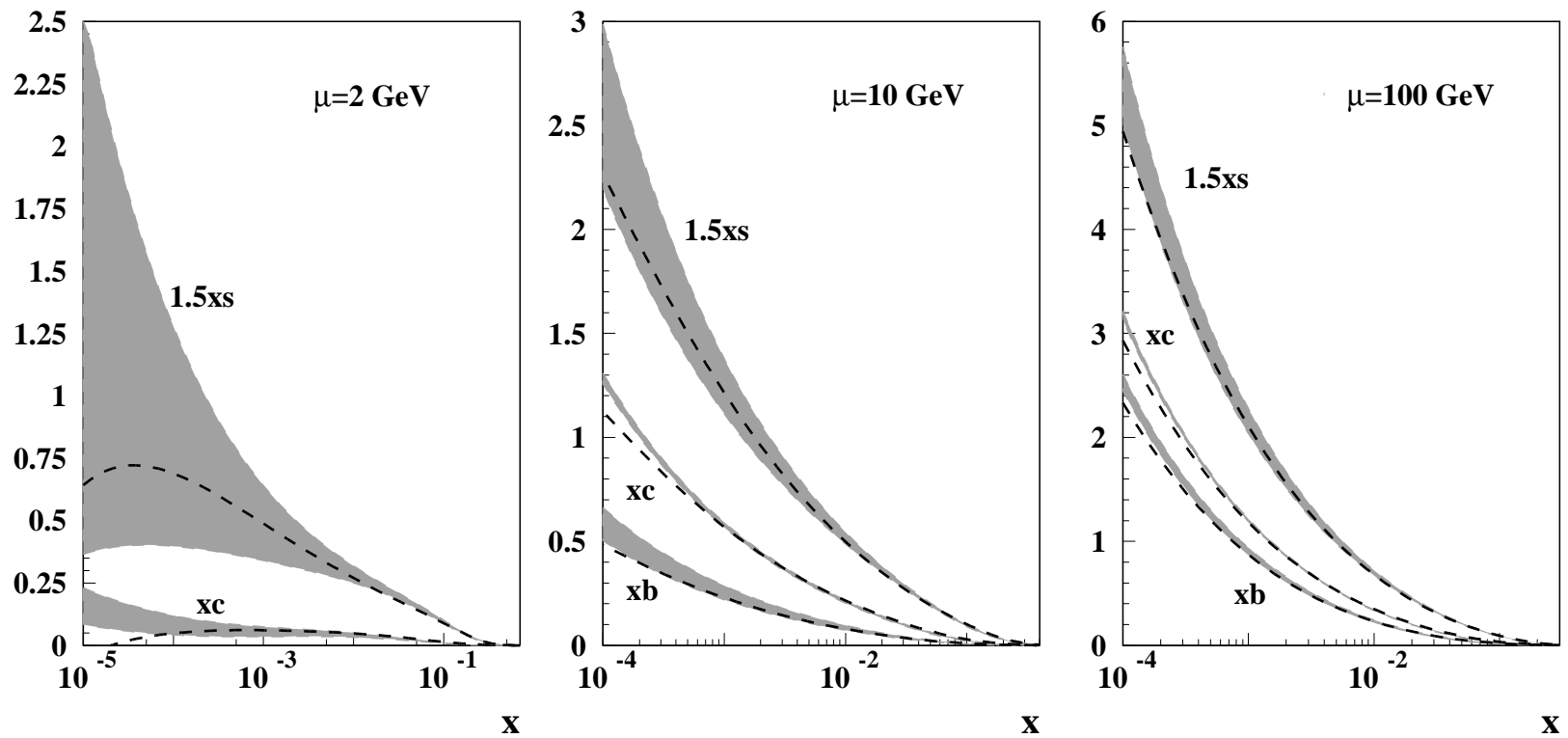


S. Alekhin, J.B., S. Klein, S. Moch, DESY 09-102

Correct treatment of HQ very essential: FFNS, BSMN-schemes.

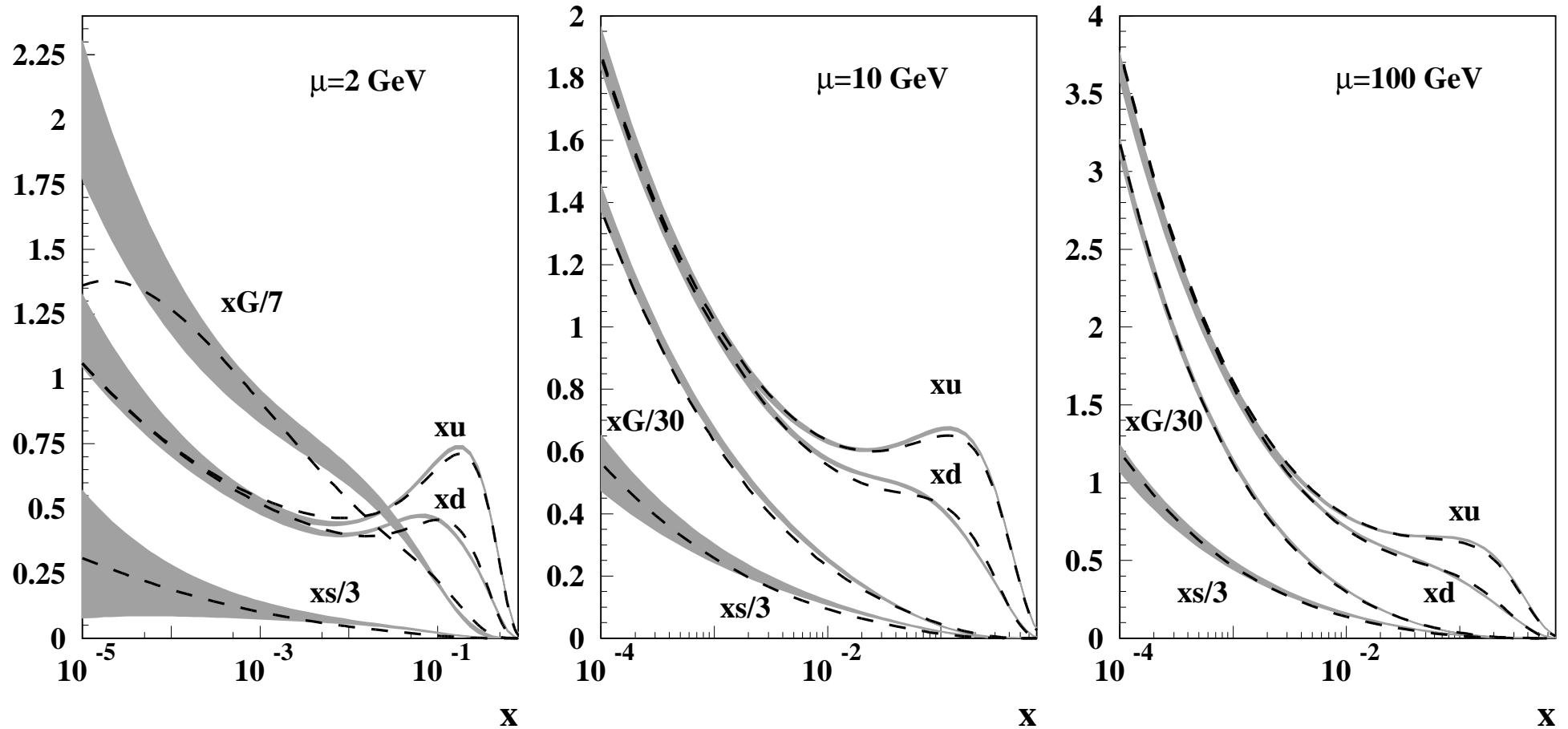
full lines: ABKM error band; dashed lines: MSTW08

Heavy quarks and gluon (NNLO)



S. Alekhin, J.B., S. Klein, S. Moch, DESY 09-102
full lines: ABKM error band; dashed lines: MSTW08

FFNS, $N_f = 3$



comparison: ABKM (2009) vs. Jimenez-Delgado/Reya (2008)

Flavor distributions: strangeness

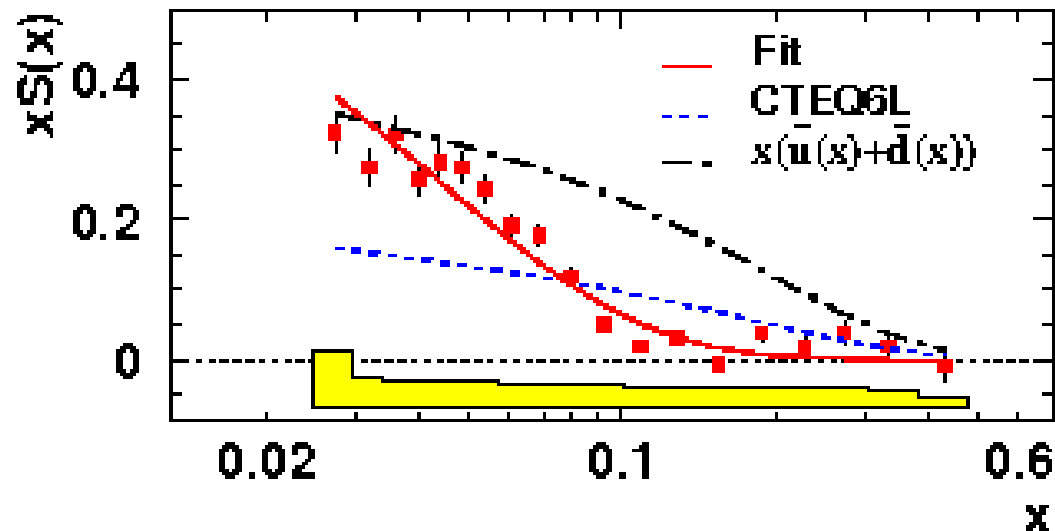


FIG. 3: The strange parton distribution $xS(x)$ from the measured HERMES multiplicity for charged kaons evolved to $Q_0^2 = 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ assuming $\int \mathcal{D}_S^K(z) dz = 1.27 \pm 0.13$. The solid curve is a 3-parameter fit for $S(x) = x^{-0.924} e^{-x/0.0404} (1-x)$, the dashed curve gives $xS(x)$ from CTEQ6L, and the dot-dash curve is the sum of light antiquarks from CTEQ6L.

Nice HERMES measurement (hep-ex/0803.2993); still to be understood.

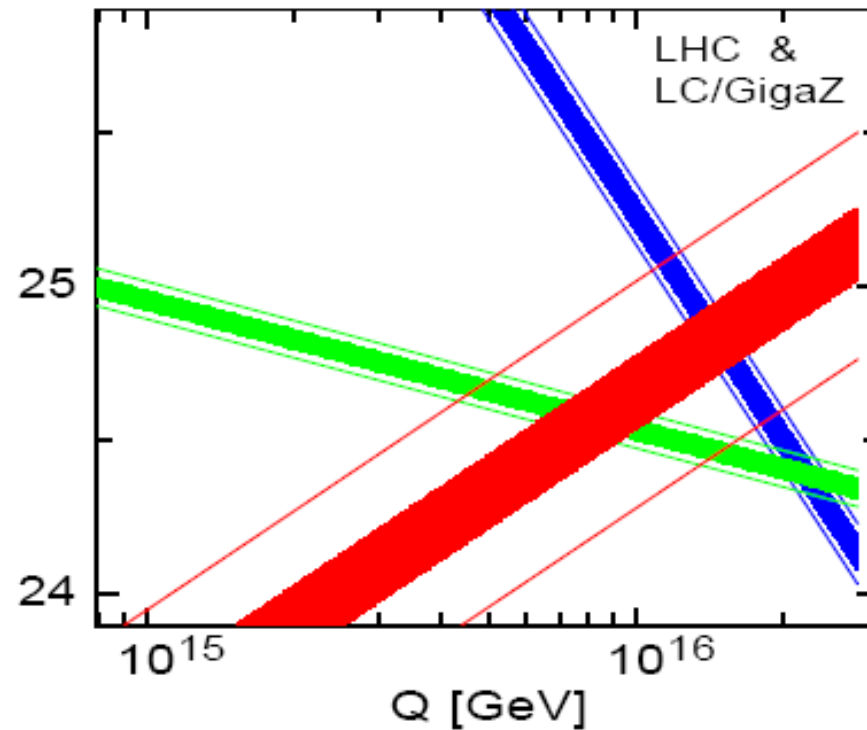
4. Λ_{QCD} and $\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$

$$\frac{\delta\alpha_{em}(0)}{\alpha_{em}(0)} \sim 3 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$\frac{\delta\alpha_{weak}}{\alpha_{weak}} \sim 7 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\frac{\delta\alpha_s(M_Z^2)}{\alpha_s(M_Z^2)} > 2 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

(until recently)



P. Zerwas, 2004

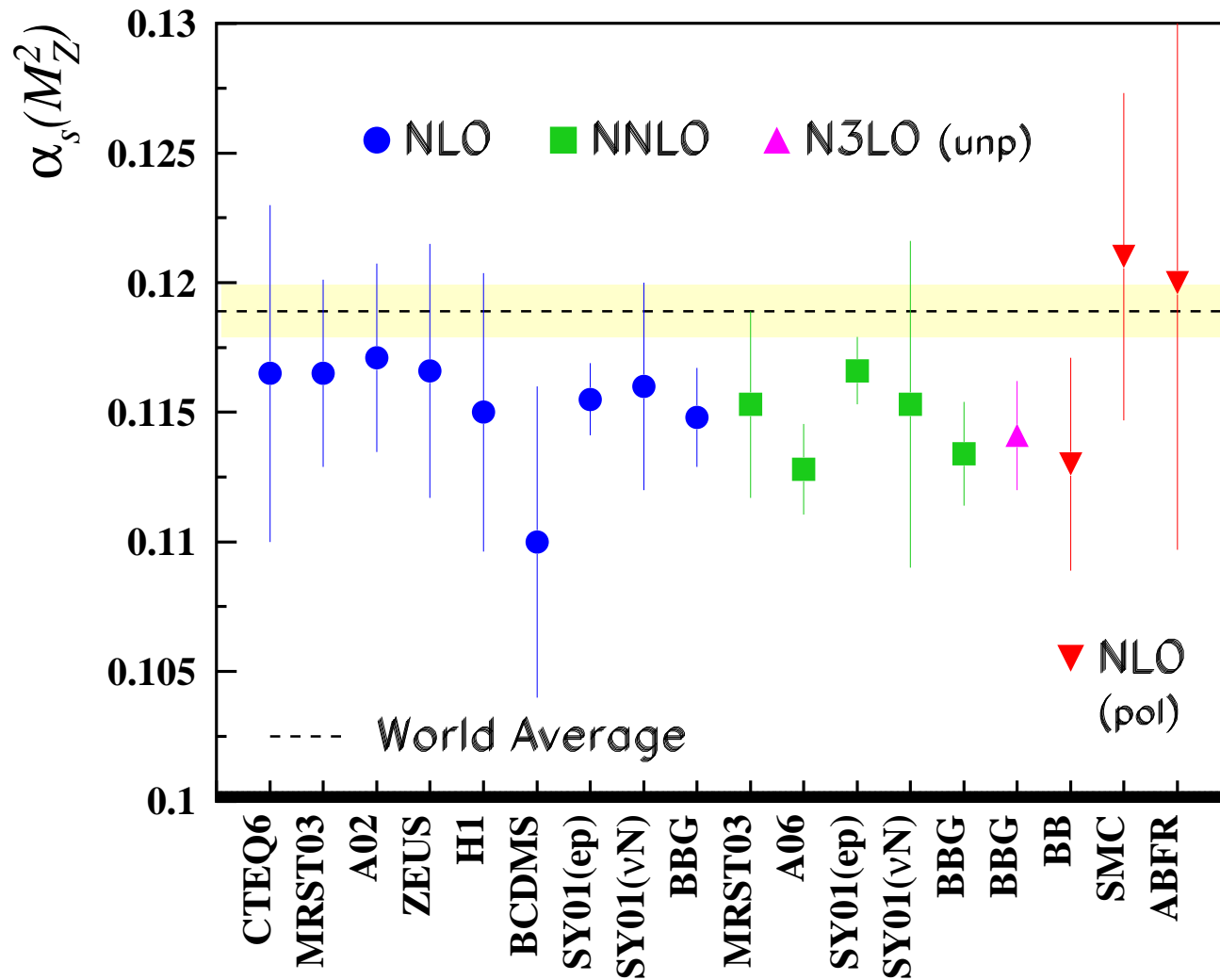
$$\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$$

S. Alekhin, J.B., S. Klein, S. Moch, DESY 09-102

$$\frac{\delta\alpha_s(M_Z^2)}{\alpha_s(M_Z^2)} \approx 1.2\%$$

	$\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$	
ABKM	0.1135 ± 0.0014	HQ: FFS $N_f = 3$
A.Hoang et al.	$0.1135 \pm 0.0011 \pm 0.0006$	e^+e^- thrust
ABKM	0.1129 ± 0.0014	HQ: BSMN-approach
BBG (2006)	$0.1134^{+0.0019}_{-0.0021}$	valence analysis, NNLO
JR (2008)	0.1124 ± 0.0020	dynamical approach
MSTW (2008)	0.1171 ± 0.0014	
BBG (2006)	$0.1141^{+0.0020}_{-0.0022}$	valence analysis, N ³ LO

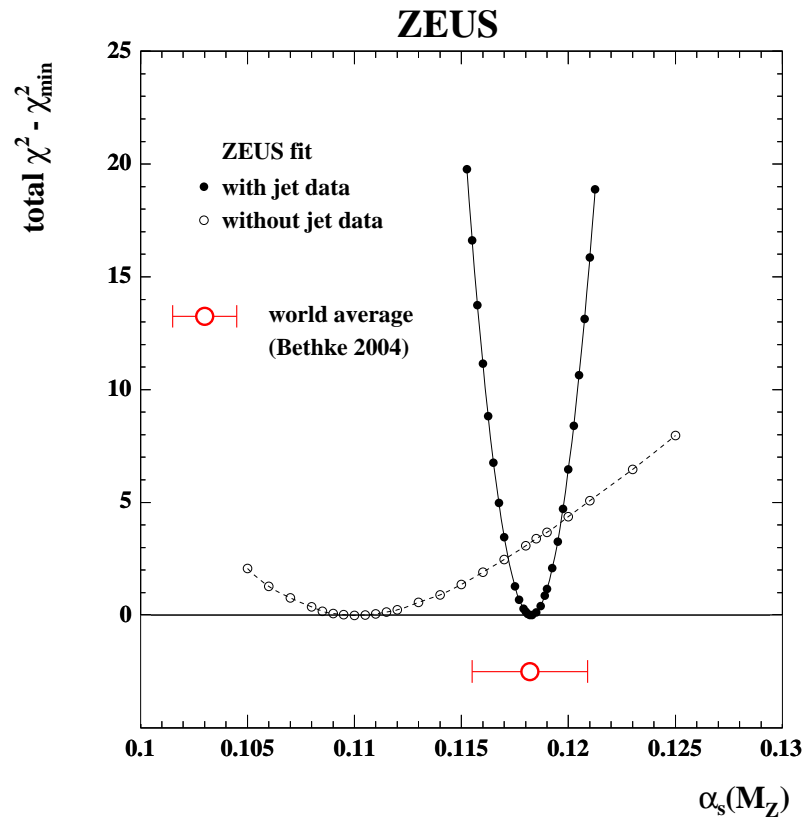
$$\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$$



J.B., H. Böttcher, A. Guffanti, 2006

More Global Analyses

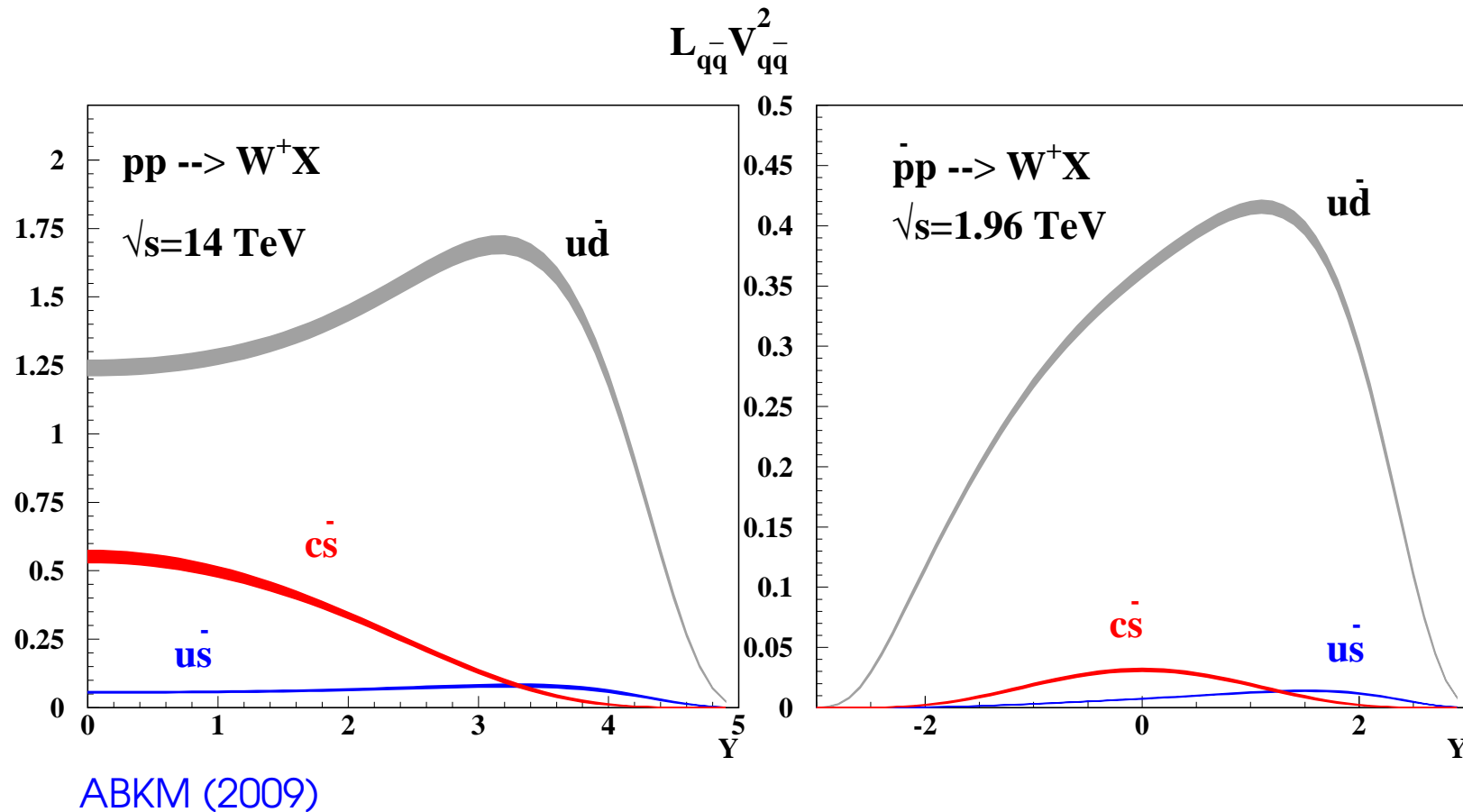
- $\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$ for different data sets included are too different !
⇒ applies also to HERA: IS vs FS; and also DIS vs TEVATRON-jet



M. Cooper-Sarkar, 2005

5. Some Predictions for Tevatron and the LHC

Drell-Yan Process (NNLO)

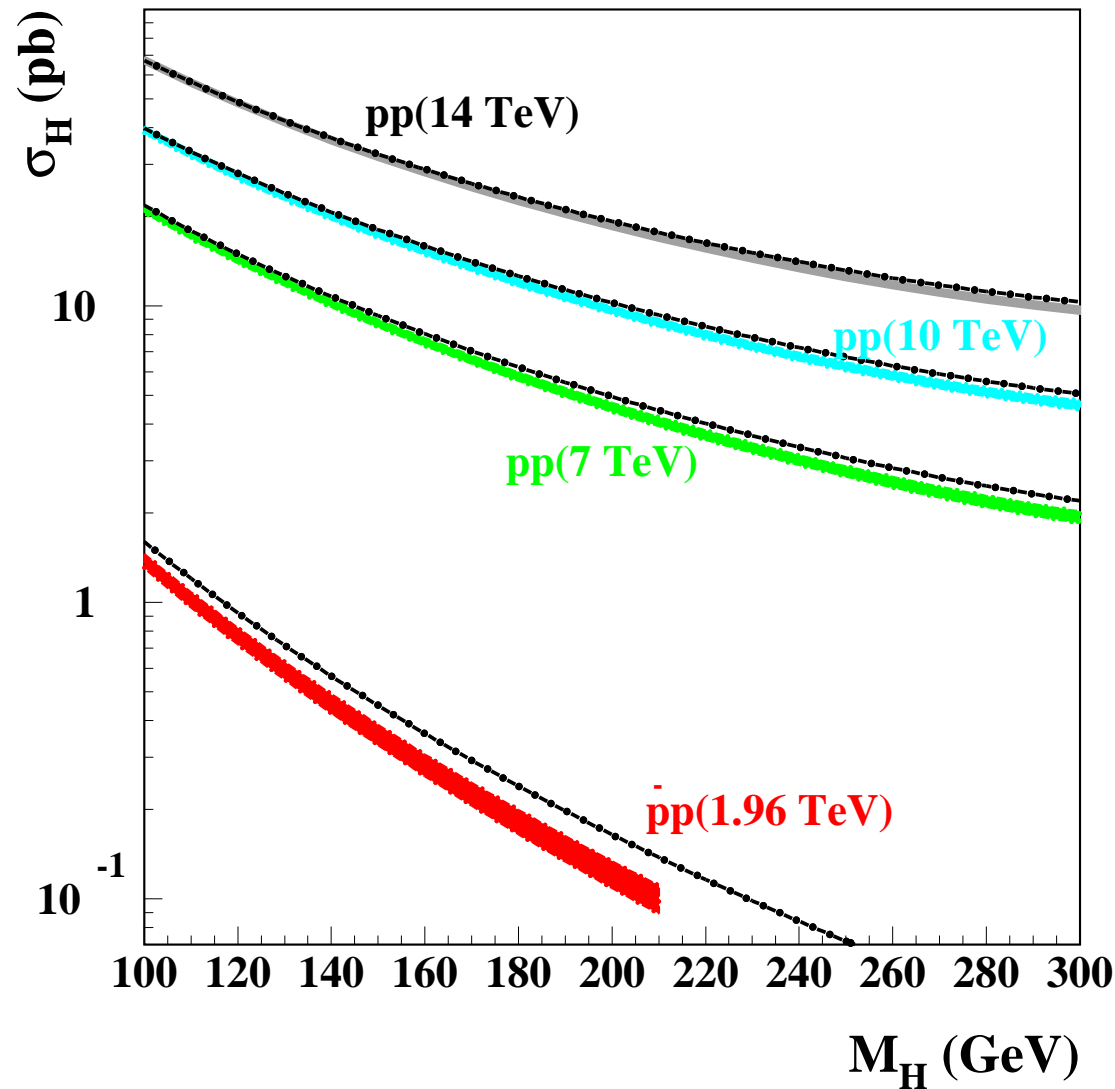


$t\bar{t}$ Cross Section in $pp(\bar{p})$ scattering at (NNLO)

\sqrt{s} (TeV)	this paper	MSTW2008
1.96 ($\bar{p}p$)	6.91 ± 0.17	7.04
7 (pp)	131.3 ± 7.5	160.5
10 (pp)	343 ± 15	403
14 (pp)	780 ± 28	887

ABKM (2009) vs MSTW08



Higgs Cross Section in $pp(\bar{p})$ scattering at (NNLO)



bands: ABKM (2009); lines: MSTW08

6. Advanced Technologies to Evaluate Feynman Diagrams

in QED & QCD @ 3 loops and beyond

- Automatic diagram generation **mandatory**: QGRAF 
2500 - 15000 diagrams
- The '**Only**' problem: Calculation of Feynman Parameter Integrals;
everything else automated: FORM-codes
- Renormalization still not always trivial: γ_5 , mass(es), ...
- Work with linguistic standards: Harmonic Sums, Harmonic Polylogarithms, Euler-Zagier
values, etc. - **Avoids the problem of Babel**  in analytic integration
- Generalized** Hypergeometric Functions and their **Generalizations** are to the
Heart of the Matter. M. Kalmykov et al., JB et al.
- Need: advanced Difference Equation Establishers & Solvers: Sigma 
- Do not proliferate !**, i.e. avoid IBP, MB, and other methods causing **gigantic** Zeroes.
- What remains is : **Integrating the hard way.**

Advanced Technologies to Evaluate Feynman Diagrams

Some Examples:

- **Zero-scale Problems** : Euler-Zagier and Multiple Zeta Values
JB, D. Broadhurst, J. Vermaseren, DESY 09-03
find all relations : \implies **Tera-Terms** to be processed
alternating: all relations up to $w = 12$ (6-loop level);
non-alternating: all relations up to $w = 22$; determined.
Interesting relations: to $w = 30$;
- **Reconstructing recurrent quantities** from Mellin Moments
JB, M. Kauers, S. Klein, C. Schneider DESY 09-02
Can one find the anomalous dimensions and Wilson coefficients to 3-loops just from their moments ? **Yes** - recurrent quantities in Mellin space.
 ≤ 5114 Moments; difference equation fills 440 books
Complete computation: 5 CPU Months
- **Massive Wilson coefficients at 3 Loops**
I. Bierenbaum, JB, S. Klein, DESY 09-57
first analytic massive 1-scale calculation @ 3-loops
Moments 2–10 (12/14) have been calculated for all unpolarized channels
Complete computation: 300 CPU days, partly req. 32-64 Gbyte computers

7. Outlook

Theory:

- **Polarized** Anomalous Dimensions & massless Wilson coefficients @ 3 Loops
- **Unpolarized** Heavy Flavor Wilson coefficients @ 3 Loops : **general N**
- **Polarized** Heavy Flavor Wilson coefficients @ 3 Loops
- **Along with this:** Development of efficient analytic calculation methods being suited for 3-Loops and higher
- **ep & pp** jet cross sections at HO; progress in **pdf Lattice calculations**

Code:

- Creation of an **Open Source Code** for DIS and pp-hard scattering data for experimental precision analyzes to derive pdfs

Experiment:

- Precision Data from **LHC, JLAB and EIC.**

Can we get $\delta\alpha_s$ even smaller ?