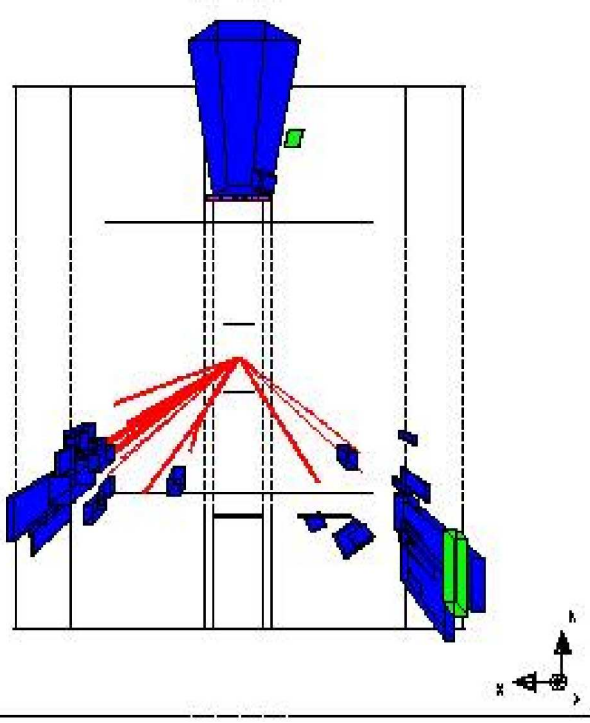
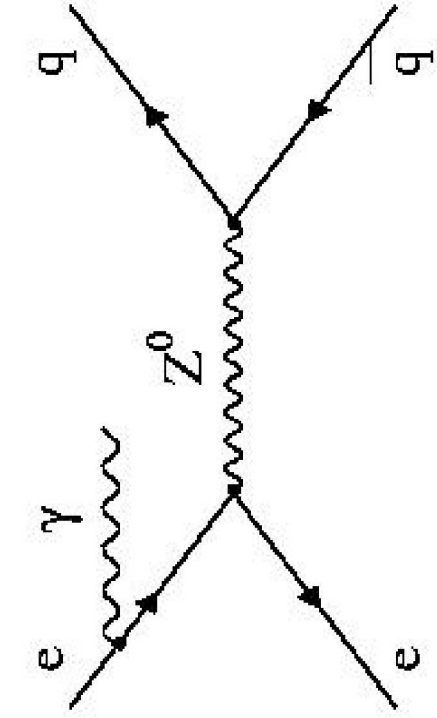


Initial state Radiation and mass reconstruction at TESLA

Thorsten Kuhl
DESY Hamburg

Contents

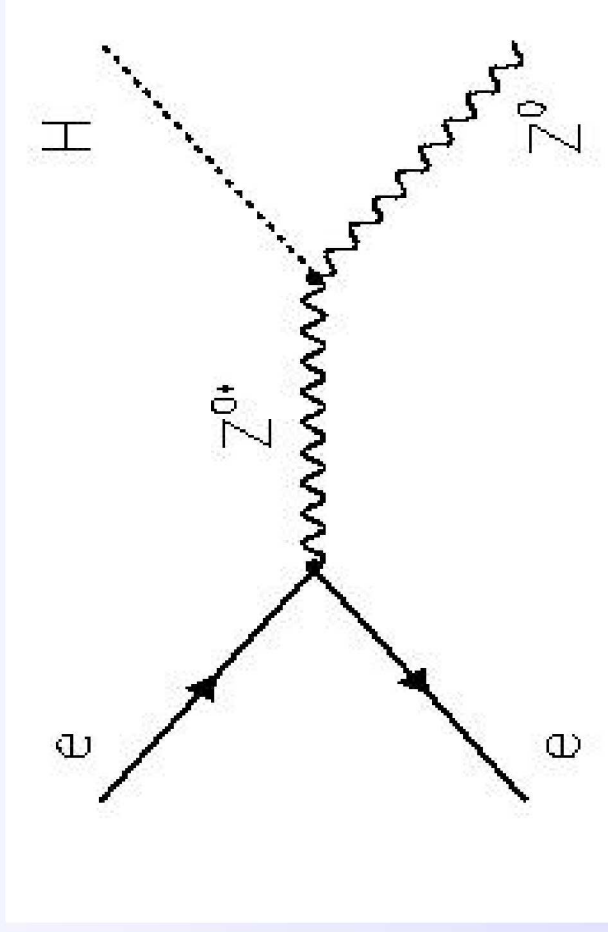
Run: event 12177: 2027 C1stK(N= 39 Sump= 74.7) Beal(N= 54 Sump=178.4)
Beam: 99.67 Viz (-.00, .00) Beal(N= 4 Sump= 8.1) Muon(N= 0)



- Motivation
- Influence on Recoil Mass Spectrum
- Importance of forward detectors

Analysis Procedure

- HZ ----> mumuee
- Energy: 500 GeV
- Lumi: $\sim 2500 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- Generator: PYTHIA
- Initial State Radiation+ Beamstrahlung: CIRCE
- Ask for 2 reconstructed Electrons and Muons (only to reject photon fakes)
- Reconstruct recoil mass from the reconstructed electrons (Z decay products)->Model independent Higgs search and benchmark process



$$m_{\text{recoil}} = \sqrt{(P_{\text{in}} - P_1 - P_2)^2}$$

- Photon: P_{in} changes
- Efficiency: 80%

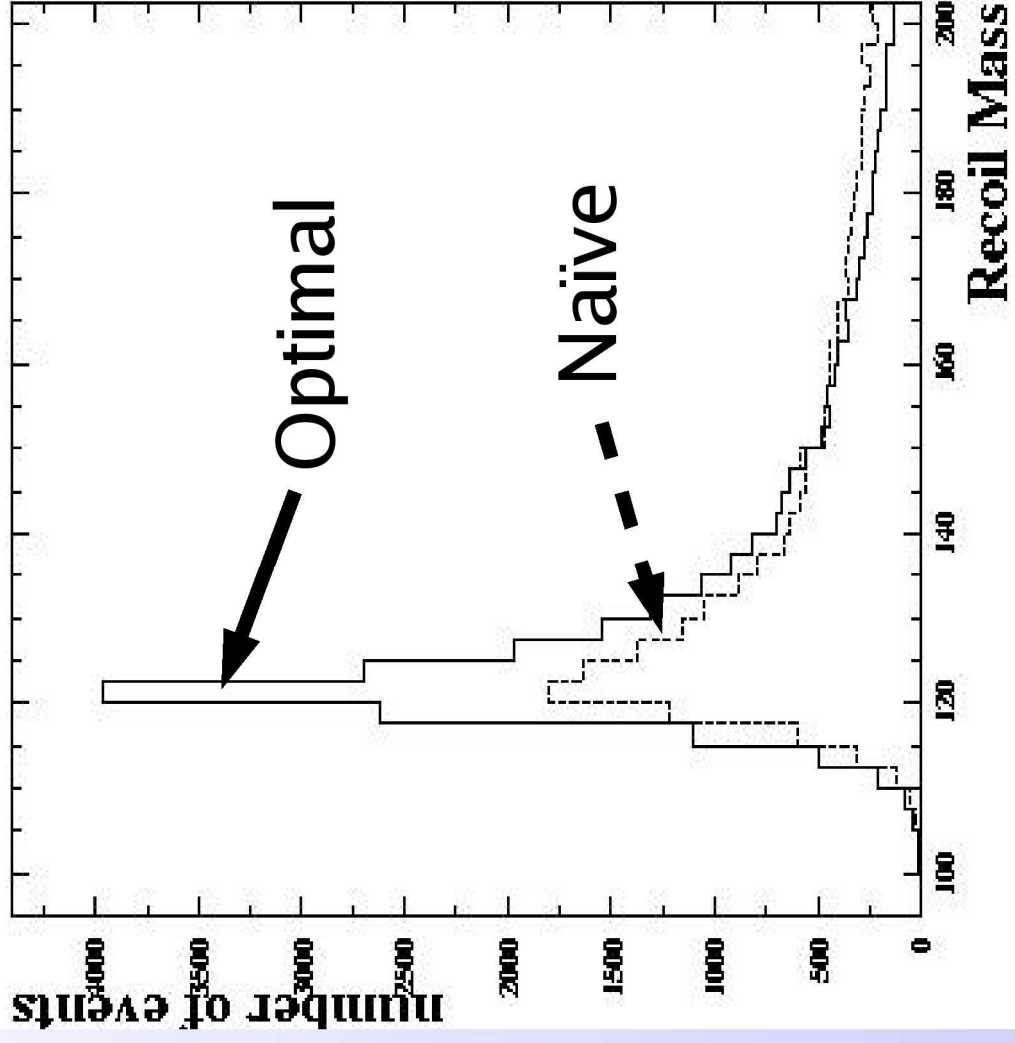
Optimal vs Naïve Measurement :

What can we win ?

$$m_{\text{recoil}} = \sqrt{(P_{\text{in}} - P_1 - P_2)^2}$$

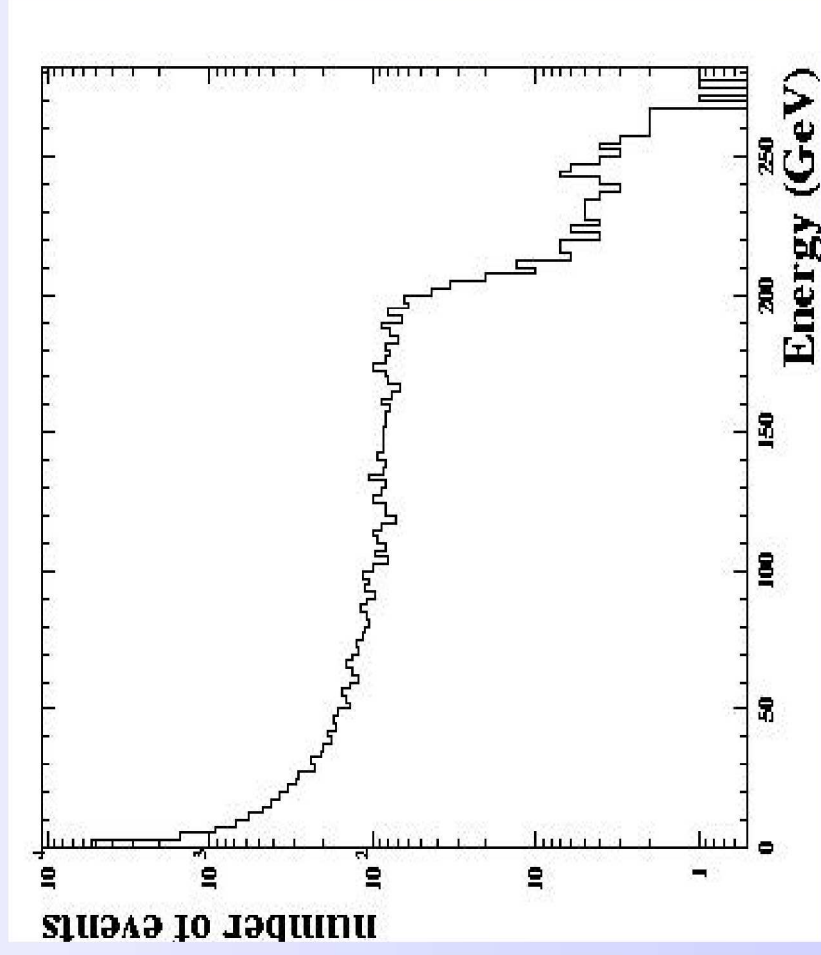
- 50% of the events have significant initial state photon
- Optimal: Use generated initial state radiation
- Naïve: Ignore initial state radiation

--> Factor 3 at lower edge

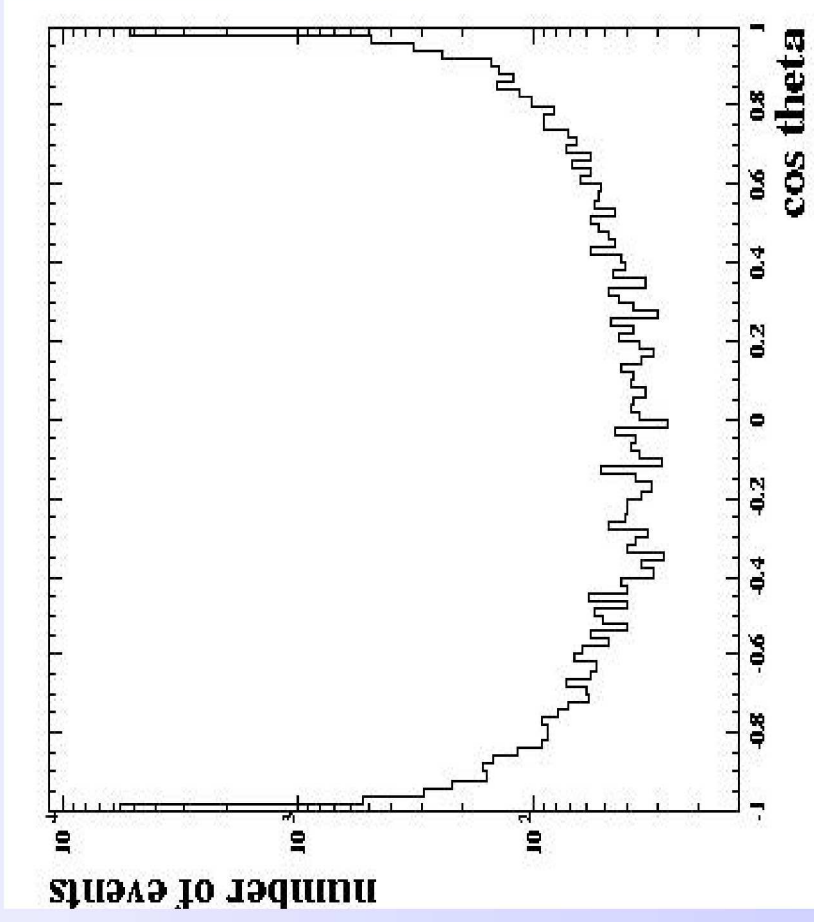


Closer look at generator level

- Energy distribution of radiation (ISR and BS)

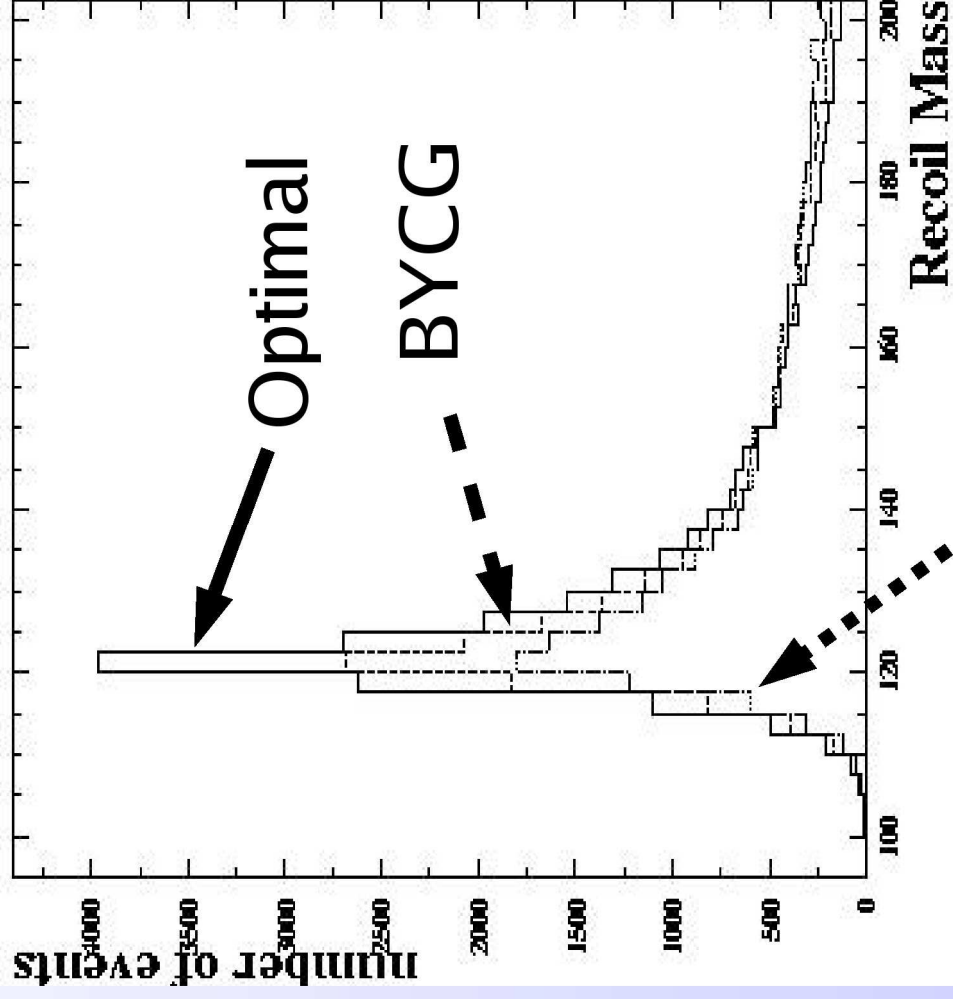
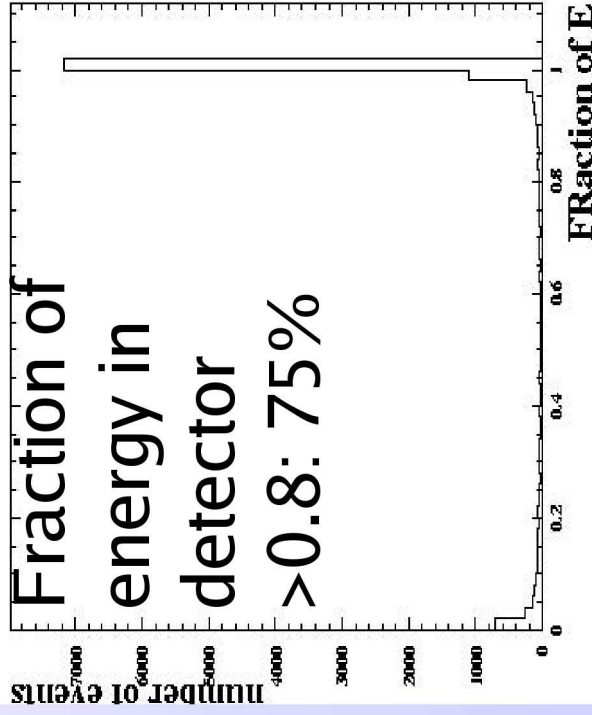


- Cos(Theta) distribution of radiation



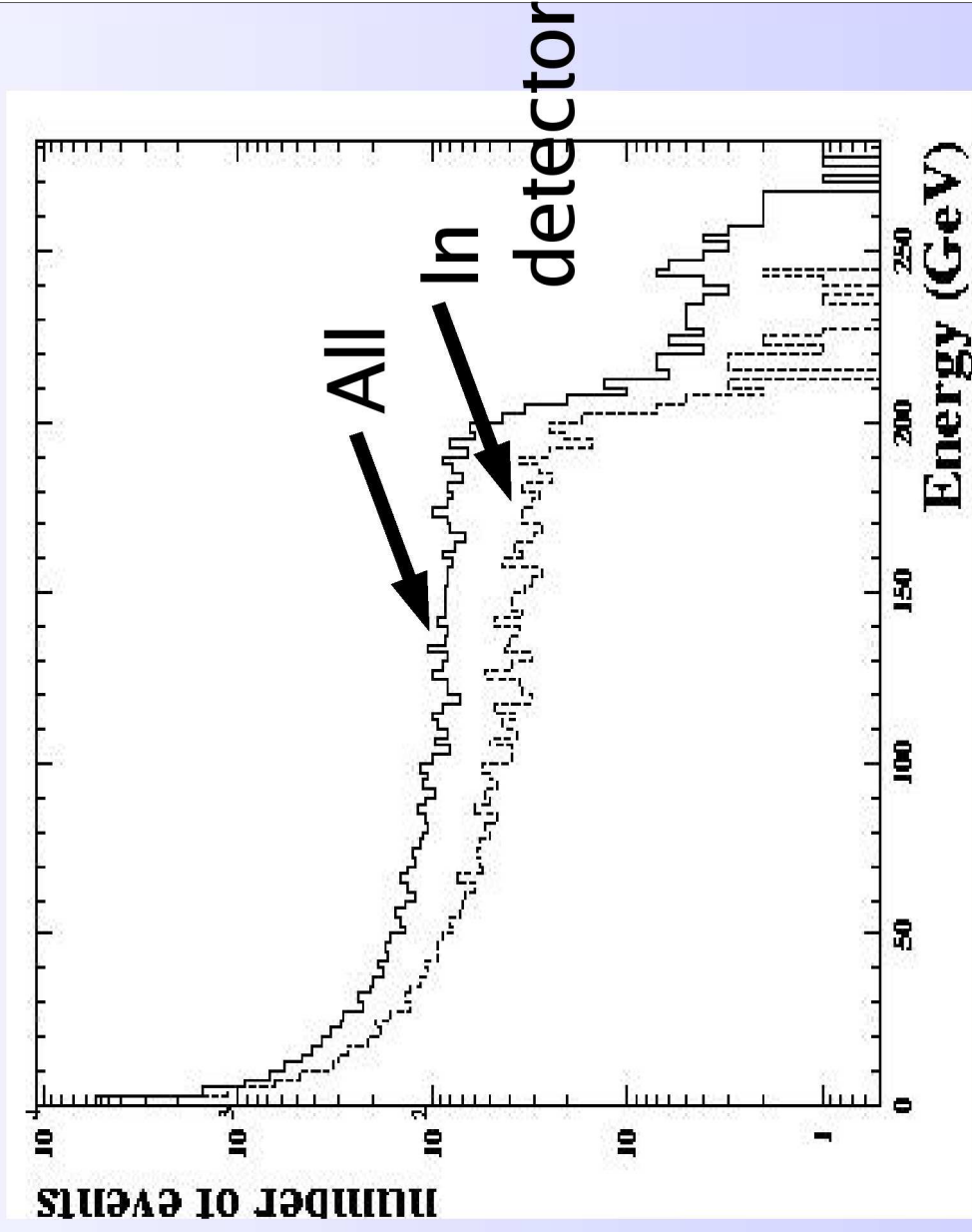
But detector has holes ...

- Optimal: Use tree initial state radiation
- Best you can get: Take holes into account
- Even Bigger holes w/o LAT/LCAL (end of talk)



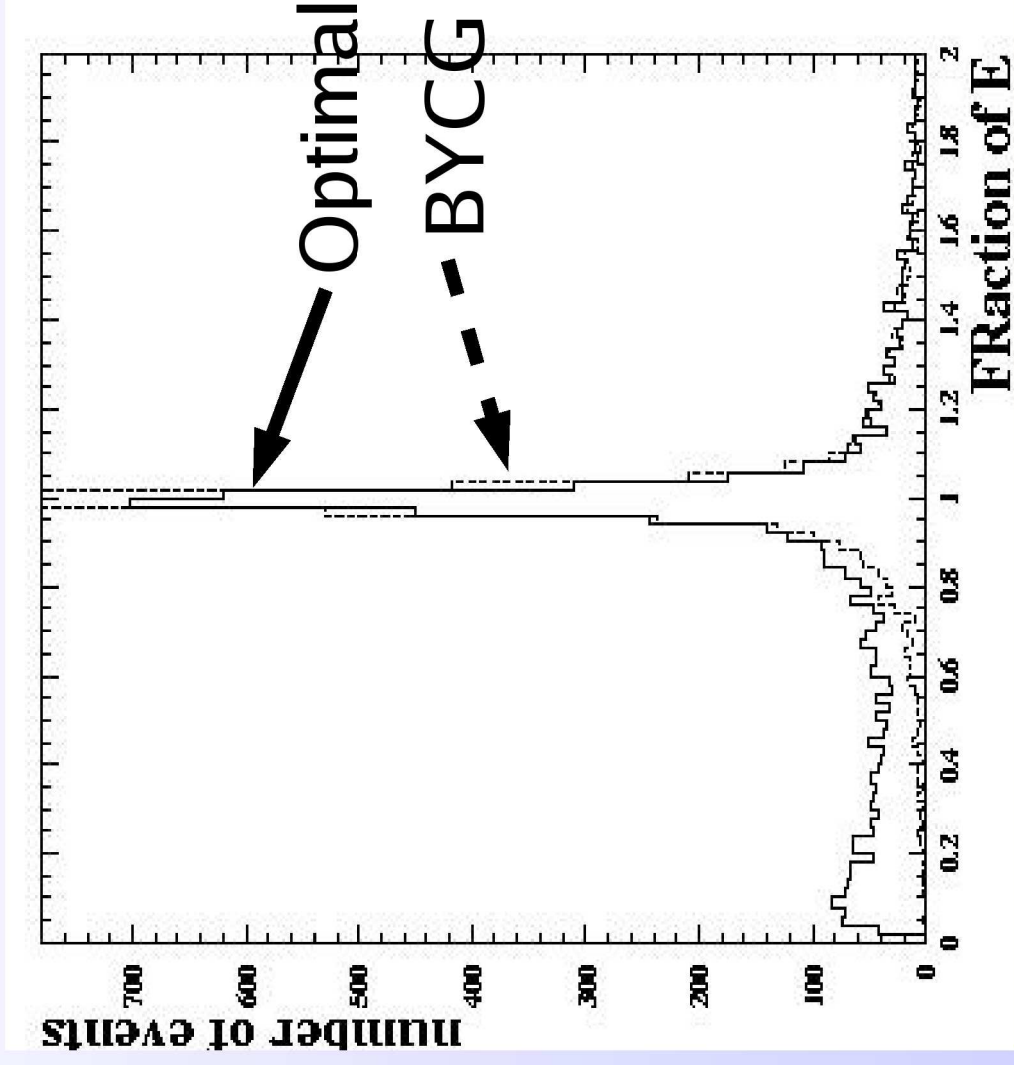
Why do we lose so much at the edge ??

- A lot of the hard radiation is in very forward direction
- Lost for recoil spectrum but easy to recover for final states w/o missing energy , e.g. $HZ \rightarrow qqbb, q\bar{q}ll$



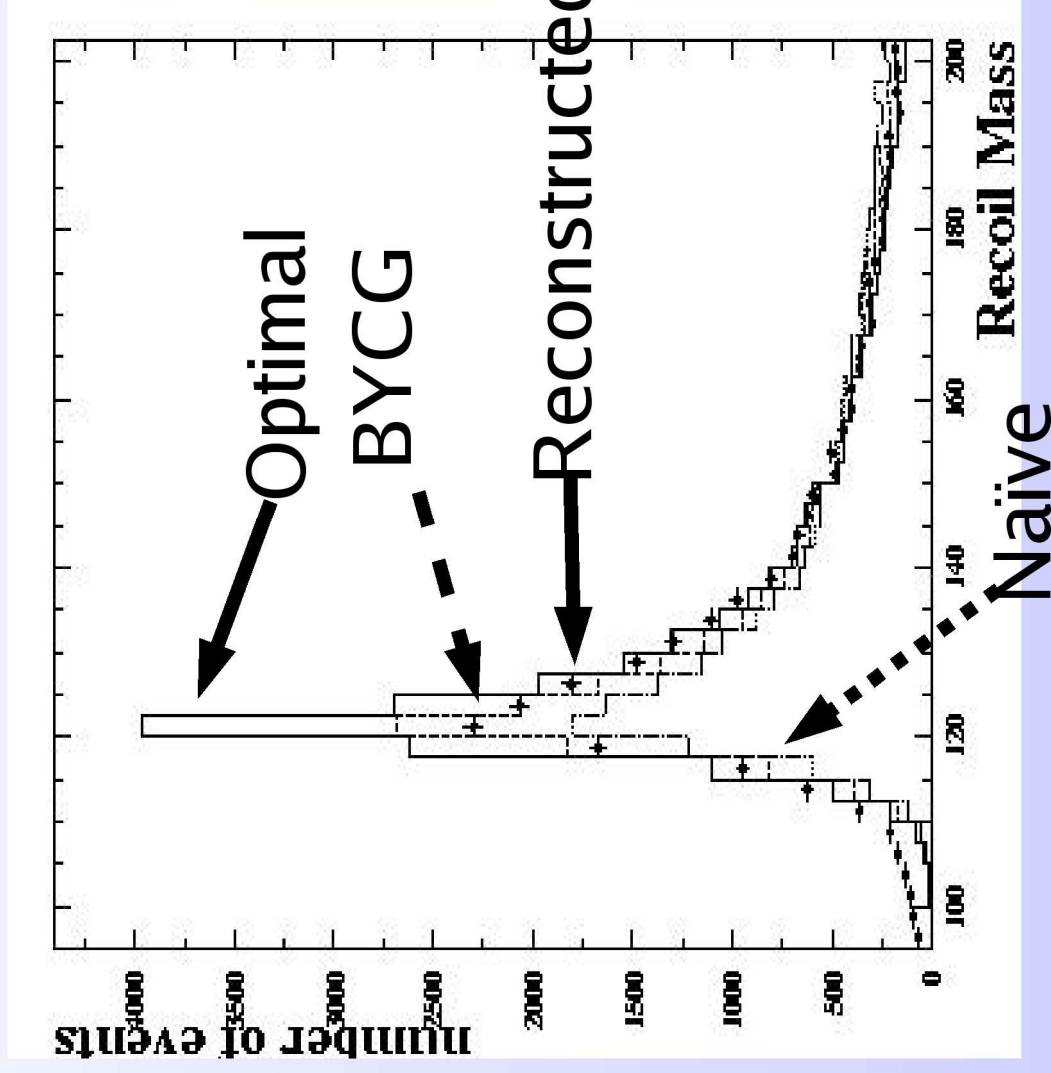
And our photon reconstruction is not perfect

- Conservative: reconstruct only photons with $E > 4$ GeV
- Plot: $E_{\text{rec}}/E_{\text{tree}}$
- Simdet: 5% photon resolution



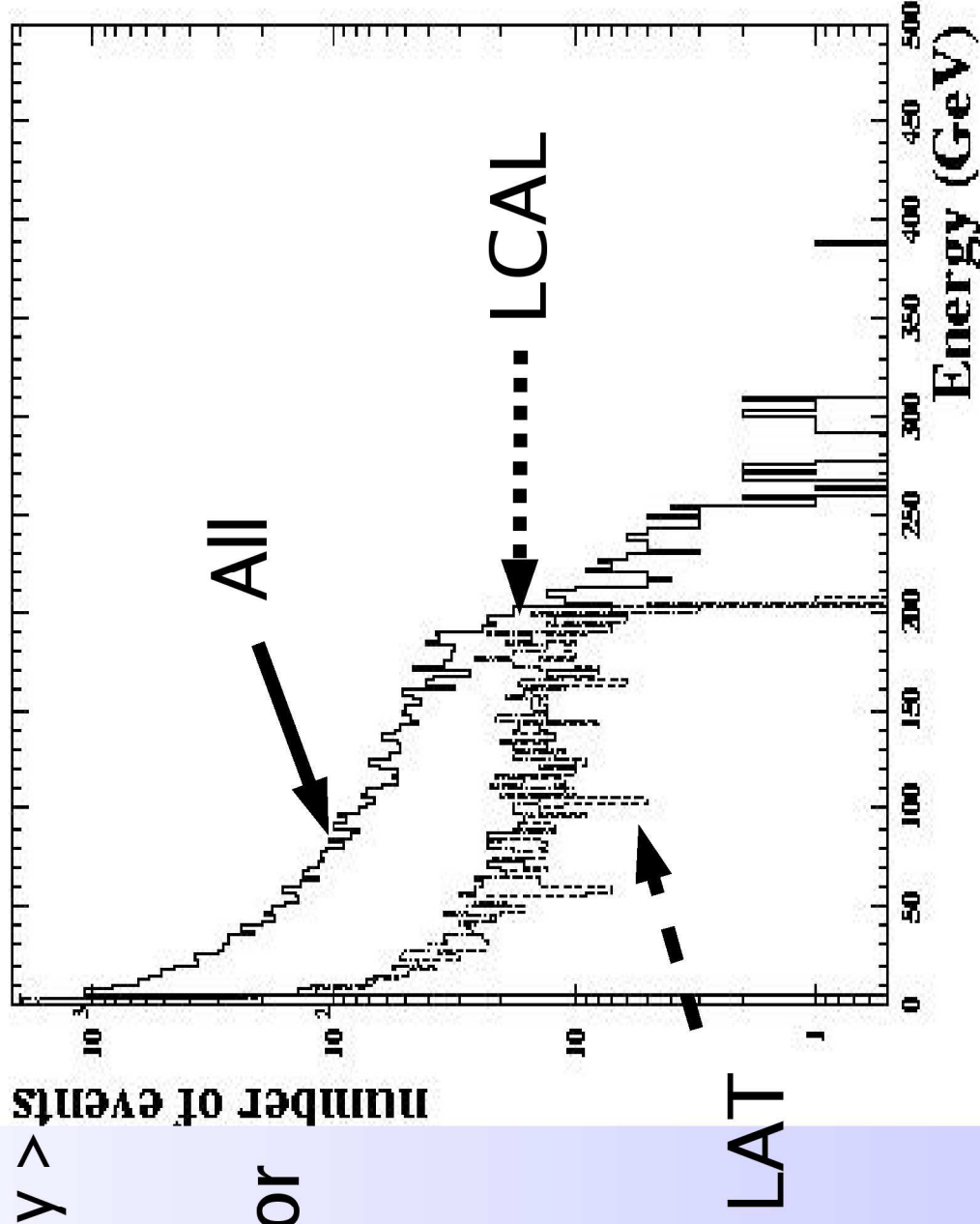
But at the end we win a lot

- With simple photon reconstruction and 1 hour work ...
- More than half way to BYCG



Now include LAT and LCAL

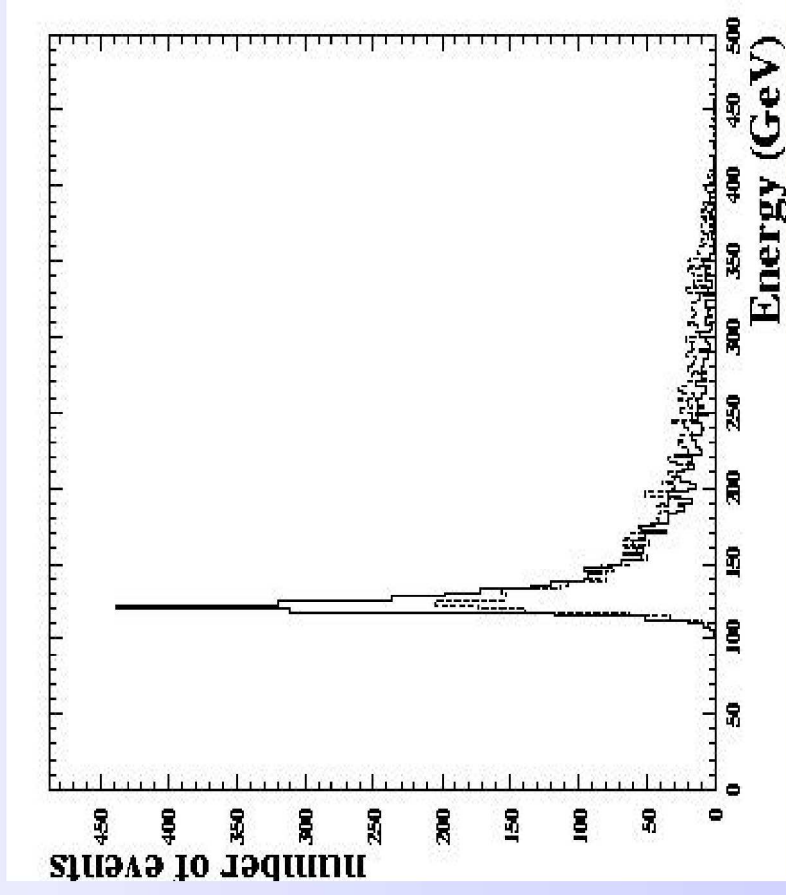
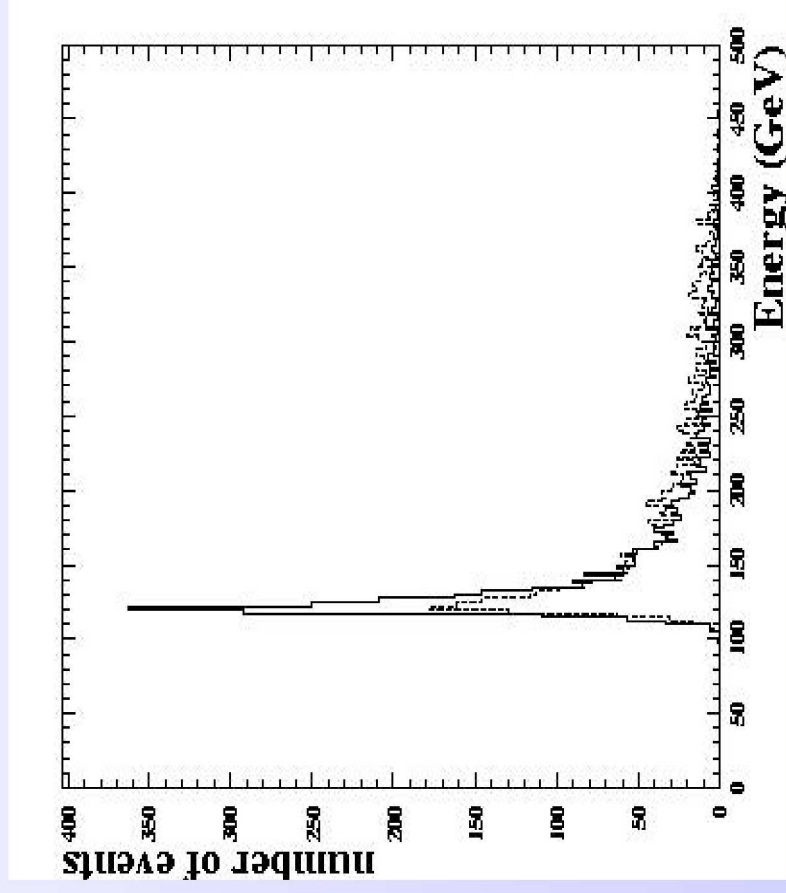
- Tree photon Energy > 5 GeV: 40% of all events
 - 80% in detector
 - 13% in LAT
 - 17% in LCAL
- 15% of all events affected



Forward detectors recoil mass

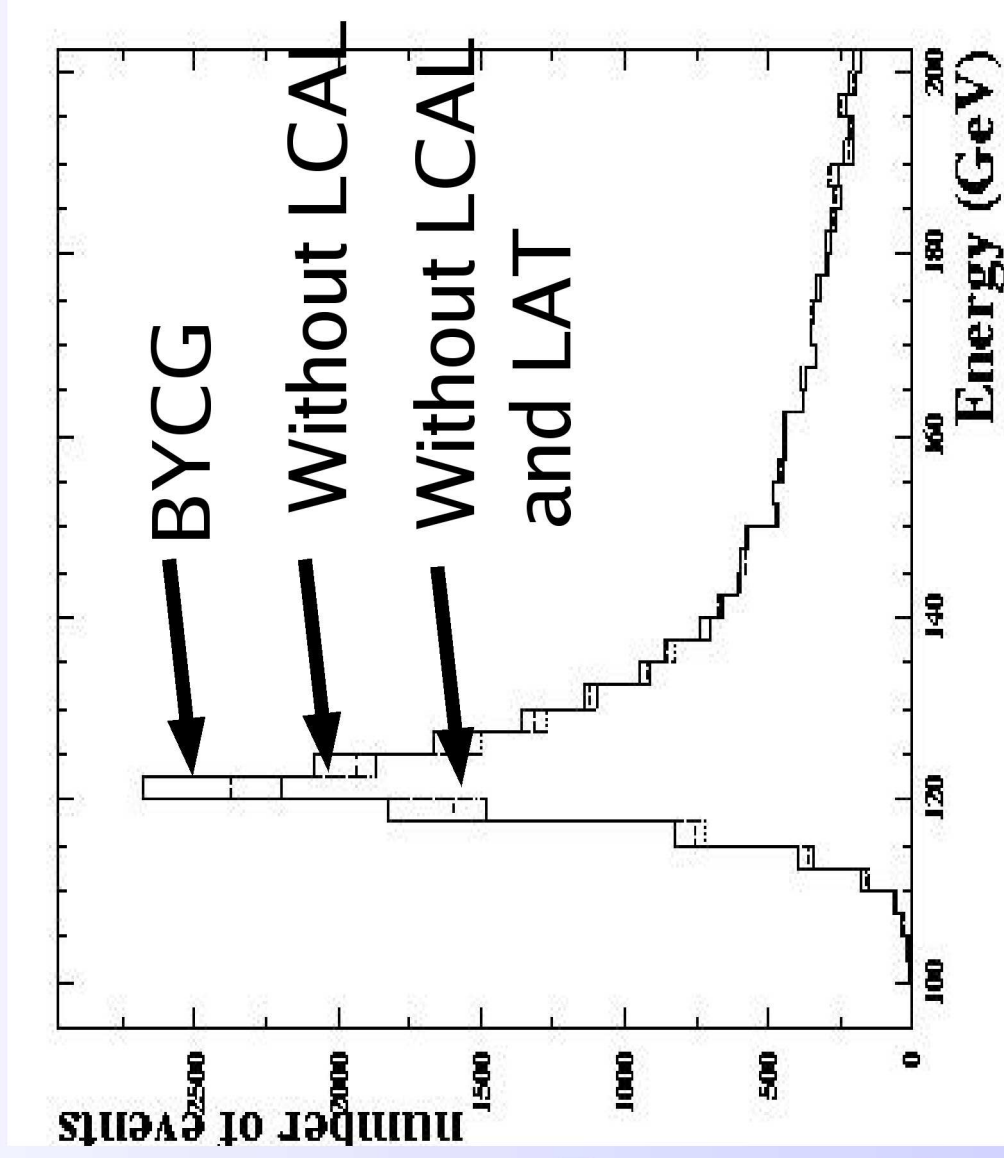
● LAT events with/wo correction

● LCAL events with/wo correction



Combined

- Loose significant number of edge events
- More than the different of BYCG and real reconstruction with 4 GeV photon cut
- 4 GeV threshold is sufficient but we need best angular coverage!



Summary

- Initial state photons influence recoil spectrum strongly
- Reconstruction of photons rises sensitivity
- More than 30% of the photons are in LCAL and LAT --> important for this purpose
- Better initial state reconstruction: Summer Student at DESY

